ESTABLISHED 1818.

PETER F. HEERING'S
COPENHAGEN
CHERRY BRANDY.
To be had of all respectable Wine Merchants.

The Bombay Gazette.

No. 28819—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY:—FRIDAY, AUGUST 12, 1892.

BEST CLARETS.
We have been Bordeaux shippers since 1815.

Qts. pts.		Qts. pts.
12-6 9-4	Breakfast—Medoc and St. Julien Medoc	12-6 9-4
12-6 7-0		12-6 7-0
27-4 18-10	Dinner—La Rose and St. Julien	27-4 14-10
24-4 13-22		24-4 13-22
41-8 21-12	After Dinner—Chateau Lafite	41-8 21-12

For Prices of Whiskies, Ports, Liqueurs, &c., send for our Illustrated Catalogue.
CUTLER, PALMER & Co., BOMBAY.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE.

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	Friday.
B.L. GANGES	4306	800	T. J. Alderton	12th Augt.
† ASSAM	3060	500	G. W. F. Browne	19th "
B.L. SUTLEJ	4205	800	W.D.G. Worcester	26th "
† SIAM	3050	500	H. T. Weighell	2nd Sept.
B.L. PENINSULAR	5015	1200	A. C. Loggin	9th "
† ASSAM	3060	500	G. W. F. Browne	16th "
				Saturday.
B.L. ORIENTAL	5015	1200	L. H. Moule	24th Sept.
†* SIAM	3050	500	H. T. Weighell	1st Oct.
B. CATHAY	2985	500	A Symons	8th "
† ASSAM	3060	500	G. W. F. Browne	15th "
B.L. THAMES	4113	800	W. A. Seaton	22nd "
† SIAM	3050	500	H. T. Weighell	29th "
B.L. VALETTA	4919	1000	R. F. Briscoe	5th Nov.
† ASSAM	3060	500	G. W. F. Browne	12th "

The Steamers marked B L proceed to Brindisi, Malta, Gibraltar, Plymouth, and London.
The Steamer marked B only does not proceed beyond Brindisi.
† These vessels proceed to Aden only and Passengers tranship there to Steamers proceeding to Brindisi, Marseilles, and London.
†* This vessel proceeds to Aden only, and Passengers tranship there to a Steamer for Brindisi and London. No Passengers for Marseilles can proceed by this Steamer.

Single and Return Railway Tickets from Brindisi to London by the Mail route can be obtained, and Coupons are issued for places in the Sleeping Cars of the special "P. and O. Express."

Heavy Baggage must be sent to the P. and O. Dockyard at Mazagon before 10 a. m. on day of sailing, or on the afternoon of the previous day.

A Steam Barge leaves the P. and O. Dockyard at 3 p.m. on the day of sailing to convey Passengers on board, and only hand packages will be received.

The attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage labelled with Port of destination.

PASSAGE-TICKETS are issued to London via Japan and Vancouver in conjunction with the Canadian-Pacific S.S. Co. Circular Passages, including the return journey to India via the Suez Canal or *vice versa*, can also be engaged.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, AUSTRALIA, AND NEW ZEALAND.

Steamers leave Bombay on or about the undernoted dates, conveying H. M.'s Mails from Colombo to China. Passengers for Australia tranship at Colombo.

August 11th. September 8th. October 20th.
" 25th. " 22nd. November 3rd.
October 6th. " 17th.

In addition to the above, a CARGO STEAMER leaves for China and Japan every fortnight, with liberty to call at any Port or Ports.

For further particulars apply to

H. W. ULOTH,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, July 21, 1892.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA
SOCIETA RIUNITE FLORIO RUBATTINO.
BOMBAY TO MESSINA, NAPLES, AND GENOA, calling at ALEXANDRIA.

THE well-known Steamers of this Company will sail on:
23rd August. 20th Sept. 20th Oct.
For particulars regarding Freights, Passage, &c., apply to

F. BRANCHI,
Acting Agent.
Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, July 27, 1892.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.

ACCELERATED SERVICE TO BRINDISI AND TRIESTE, VIA ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail on
ACHILLE	G. Costanza	2,000	500	1st Sept.

A Surgeon and Stewardess on board of every Steamer.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 500	Rs. 300	Rs. 150

RETURN TICKETS available for SIX MONTHS.

	1st Class.	2nd Class
TO TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 800	Rs. 480

INCLUDING WINE OR BEER SUPPLIED AT MEALS.

THROUGH-TICKETS TO LONDON.

Through 1st Class Single and Return Tickets are issued to London, via Trieste at specially Reduced Rates.
Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 3rd, and BRINDISI on the 5th, of each month.

ORDINARY SERVICE TO TRIESTE, VIA ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons.	H. P.	To sail on
ELEKTRA	C. Mariani	3,800	550	22nd Aug.
BERENICE	P. Mersa	3,200	500	22nd Sept.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THIS ROUTE.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TO TRIESTE	Rs. 400	Rs. 250	Rs. 150

RETURN TICKETS available for SIX MONTHS.

	1st Class.	2nd Class
TO TRIESTE	Rs. 700	Rs. 400

Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 12th of each month.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, AND SHANGHAI.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail.
MARIA TERESA	R. Deperis	3,800	550	8th Sept.

Connecting at Colombo with the s.s. NIOBE to Madras and Calcutta, and at Singapore with the s.s. GALATEA to Sourabaya and Batavia.
For further particulars, Freight, Passage, &c., apply to

J. JANNI, Agent.
Sassoon House, 50, Church Gate Street, Bombay, August 8, 1892.

CITY LINE OF STEAMERS.
BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL.

Vessel.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail about.
CITY OF EDINBURGH	Wm. Frame	3230	27th Aug.

THIS Steamer, which is lighted throughout with the Electric-Light, carries a Surgeon and Stewardess. Two berth Cabins on Deck. Baths, Punkahs, and every comfort for First-Class Passengers. Crew entirely European.

Apply to
SIR CHARLES FORBES & Co.,
Agents.
Bombay, 6th Aug, 1892.

"MACIVER" LINE.

THE S. S. "IONIA," 5,503 tons, Captain E. M. Boyle WILL SAIL from BOMBAY for GENOA, MARSEILLES, or ANTWERP, about the 25th inst. This magnificent Steamer with accommodation for over 70 1st class Passengers has both a Smoking Room and a Ladies' Saloon. A Surgeon and Stewardess are carried.
For rates of passage and further particulars apply to
KILLICK, NIXON & Co.,
Agents.
Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, August 11th, 1892.

CHEAP PASSAGES, HOMEWARD AND OUTWARD.

PASSAGES promptly engaged and best Berths secured FREE OF COMMISSION, in P. and O. and all other LINERS, 1st and 2nd Saloon; and also in selected NON-LINERS, such as the "BEDOUIN," "WOODS," &c., from Rs. 200 to 300 to the Continent, and Rs. 300 to Rs. 375 to English ports, 1st Saloon.
Outward, in Non-Liners, from £25 to £30 per adult. Saloon.
CONTINENTAL RAIL—TICKETS provided, and SLEEPING CAR BERTHS engaged.
BAGGAGE stored, shipped, or forwarded by P. and O. at Cargo rates to port of destination or address.
PASSENGERS met on arrival and departure by reliable Agents.
SOVEREIGNS, DRAFTS, AND CIRCULAR NOTES supplied at best rates.
LADIES, Children, and Gentlemen respectively grouped in selected Saloon cabins; special arrangement for families and Parties.
INSURANCE effected at reasonable rates.
ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE TELEGRAMS arranged for economically.
INTEREST at 3 per cent. allowed on passage money deposited with us in advance.
Full particulars supplied and HAND-BOOKS sent free on application.

WILLIAM WATSON AND CO.,
BANKERS AND AGENTS,
BOMBAY—28, APOLLO STREET.
KARACHI—Camp.
LONDON—27, LEADENHALL STREET, and 49-50 Parliament Street.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED)
Intend to despatch Steamers as follows:—

FOR KURRACHEE DIRECT.

S. S. "PACHUMBA," 868 tons, on 17th August, at noon, direct.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "ASSYRIA," 1,495 tons, on the 14th August, at 11 a.m., or on arrival of English Mail, calling at Kurrachee, Gwadur, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Bushire, Fao, Mahomerah, and Busreh, in the foregoing order, weather permitting.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "ELLORA," 1,971 tons, on the 13th August, at about 3 p.m., calling at such Ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the Undersigned.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 11th August, 1892. Agents.

KING, KING & Co.,
BANKERS AND EAST INDIA AGENTS, BOMBAY.

PASSAGES engaged by P. and O. and all Steamers at the Lowest Rates obtainable, Free of Charges for Commission.

SPECIAL attention paid to the grouping of those wishing to travel 2nd Class, P. and O.

LISTS of all Steamers Sailing, and full information as to Berths available, furnished at once.

REDUCTIONS obtainable in the case of large Parties or Families travelling together.

PASSENGERS booked through Messrs. KING, KING and Co. are met on arrival at—
Plymouth or London..by Messrs. HENRY S. KING and Co.
Liverpool..... " KING, BAILLIE and Co.

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BAGGAGE Received and Shipped. Packages also forwarded as Cargo at Lowest Rates. Marine and Fire Insurance effected.

LOANS and Overdrafts granted on approved Security.

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RAILWAY TICKETS and HOTEL COUPONS by all Continental and American Routes furnished at Lowest Rates.

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R. B. KING, HYDERABAD (DECCAN).
HENRY S. KING & Co., LONDON.

STEAM.
CALCUTTA TO AUSTRALIAN PORTS.
BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

PASSENGER Steamers are despatched from Calcutta direct to Adelaide, Melbourne, Sydney, and Brisbane, returning *viâ* Torres Straits, booking Cargo and Passengers through to all ports in Queensland and New Zealand, with liberty to call at Singapore and Batavia.

	Tons.	Date of leaving Calcutta On or about
A STEAMER	3,917	..... 31st August.

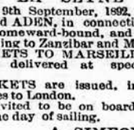
For Freight, Passage, or other particulars, apply to
MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 5th August, 1892. Agents.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.
FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES.
TO ZANZIBAR AND MAURITIUS.

THE S. S. LA SEYNE will LEAVE Bombay on 9th September, 1892, at 3 p.m., FOR KURRACHEE and ADEN, in connection with the Australian Steamer Homeward-bound, and the Steamer from Marseilles proceeding to Zanzibar and Mauritius.
RETURN TICKETS TO MARSEILLES for three, six and nine months delivered at specially REDUCED RATES.
THROUGH TICKETS are issued, including Railway Fare from Marseilles to London.
Passengers are invited to be on board by 8 a. m. in the Prince's Dock on the day of sailing.

A. SIMEON, Agent,
29, Esplanade Road.

ANCHOR LINE.



BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail about
ROUMANIA	337	W. S. Young	27th Aug.
ASIA	3560	Jas. Laird	17th Sept.

Passengers can book through to London (Overland from Marseilles on favourable terms.
The Railway Journey from Marseilles to London occupies thirty hours.
Each Steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and an experienced Stewardess, and is fitted out with every comfort for First Class Passengers.
All the Cabins are on the Upper Deck.
For Rates of Passage and further particulars, apply to
W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents.
Graham's Buildings, Bombay, August 11, 1892.

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GRINDLAY & Co., Calcutta.
HOMEWARD PASSAGES.

PASSAGES booked by P. & O. and other regular lines of Steamers *without charge for commission*. Berths selected and the best available accommodation secured. Railway and Sleeping Car Tickets obtained.
CHEAPER PASSAGES engaged by occasional outside Steamers, and every information afforded as to terms and accommodation.

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The Superior Second Saloon accommodation of the new P. and O. Steamers offers an excellent opportunity for a cheap Passage to England, and to enable us to arrange select parties and suitable berthing, intending passengers should make early Application.
Full particulars and pamphlet forwarded on application. "Grindlay's Hand Book" for Travellers may also be had free.
Circular Notes, Sovereigns, and Drafts on London granted at current rates. Baggage shipped and Insurance effected when required.
PACKAGES from Europe for MESSES, CLUBS, SOCIETIES, SCHOOLS, STORES, UP-COUNTRY FIRMS and PRIVATE INDIVIDUALS cleared and forwarded. To avoid delay the Shippers should be instructed to send us direct the Bill of Lading and Invoice.

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GENTLEMEN'S SOLID GOLD SIGNET RINGS,

With round, oval, square or shield-shaped tops. All gold, or with Bloodstones, Cornelians, Sardonyx and other stones securely set.
Any Monogram, Crest or Motto Engraved to order. Masonic Designs in Stock, Rs. 40, 45 and 55.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

JUST IMPORTED!

NOVELTIES IN TABLE ORNAMENTS.

PURE WHITE CHINA FLOWER-HOLDERS.

	Cash. Rs. a.	Credit. Rs. a.
Figure of Clown and Broken Egg Flower-holder	0 12	0 14
" Child and Sack Flower-holder.	1 2	1 4
" Child and Shell do.	0 10	0 12
" Child and Shell Boat do.	1 2	1 4
" Three Children holding large Bay Flower-holder	3 12	4 4
" School Boy and Basket Flower-holder	1 2	1 4
" Salmon Flower-holder	2 14	3 4
" Child sitting upon Shell Flower-holder	3 8	4 0
" Child and Basket Flower-holder	2 14	3 4
" Child and Cabbage Leaf Basket Flower-holder	3 8	4 0
" Child sitting upon open Shell Flower-holder	2 0	2 4
" Child and Flower Bulb Flower-holders	1 12	
" Child holding Manuscript Roll	3 8	4 0
" Child holding Book Flower-holder	3 8	4 0
" Combined three Shells with Centre Flower-holder	8 0	9 0
" Combined three Sheets	2 0	2 4
" do. with Rustic-holder	3 0	3 8

	Cash. Rs. a.	Credit. Rs. a.
Figure of Swan Flower-holders from	2 4	2 8
in three sizes to	8 0	9 0
" School-Boy with Satchel	4 8	5 0
" Do. Girl do.	4 8	5 0
" Rustic Three Stumps from	2 0	2 4
with 4 Holders to	6 8	7 8
" Child holding Wicker Work Flower Pot	6 8	7 8
" Child and Large Flower Bud.	2 8	3 12
" Child sitting upon Flower Vase	3 8	4 0
" Three large figures of Children holding Basket	8 0	9 0
" Child and larger Cabbage Leaf Flower-holder	6 8	7 8
" Youth with Wheel Barrow	5 8	6 4
" Child and Shell	3 8	4 0
" Leaf with Beetle crawling upon it	2 12	3 0
" Cupid with Double-holder	4 8	5 0
" Child and large Shell-holder.	4 8	5 0
" Child and Basket-holder	2 14	3 4
" Cupid climbing Ladder against Basket	2 0	2 4
Miniature Swan Salt Cellars with Spoon	0 12	0 14
" Bird and Nest do.	0 12	0 14

TREACHER & COMPANY, LD.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

SOUTHWELL & AUSTIN, LD.,
(IN LIQUIDATION)
HAVE RE-OPENED THEIR PREMISES AND
GREAT BARGAINS
ARE NOW TO BE OBTAINED.

KEMP'S FEVER MIXTURE,
A SAFE AND CERTAIN REMEDY,
NEVER KNOWN TO FAIL.
Per Bottle, Re. 1.

KEMP & CO., LD., BOMBAY.

The "Cream of Scotch Whiskies," and has an enormous sale.

PHILLIPS & Co's "FERRINTOSH" WHISKY.
PHILLIPS & Co's "FERRINTOSH" WHISKY.
PHILLIPS & Co's "FERRINTOSH" WHISKY.

Guaranteed Pure and Wholesome, and of delicate Fragrance.

Per Dozen, Rs. 25.
THE BEST AND CHEAPEST WHISKY IN THE MARKET.

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EXTRA LIGHT
GREASE-PROOF LININGS,
FASHIONABLE WELL VENTILATED.
BEST QUALITY.
SHAPES.
LARGE CHOICE.

BLACK,
FAWN,
MOUSE,
TERRA-COTTA,
BAY BROWN,
NUT-BROWN,
GREY,
SOFT (CLERICAL),
VARSITY CAPS

} Rs. 8-8.
Rs. 2-8.

Just arrived, a Large Choice of Elwood's Superior Sun Hats, Helmets, Hawke's Regulation Helmets, covered White Doe and Khakee.

STRAW HATS (NAVY WHITE AND BLACK BANDS.)

THORPE & Co. (HATTERS), BOMBAY.

VOLKART BROTHERS, BOMBAY.
ELECTRO-TECHNICAL DEPARTMENT.
CONSULTING ELECTRICIANS,
ELECTRICAL ENGINEERS
AND CONTRACTORS FOR
ELECTRICAL SUPPLIES
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
STOCK AND SHOW ROOMS:
APOLLO HOUSE, APOLLO STREET,
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MESSRS. MARCKS & Co., of 43, Esplanade Road, Bombay, and at Poona, beg to inform their Constituents that the Prices of the below enumerated Chronograph Watches have been carefully revised and lowered, whilst the quality has been further improved. Being one of the Oldest Established Houses in India, with a reputation to back them, they are in a position to supply their Watches at the lowest cost, compatible with the best Workmanship and Finish.

Every Watch is guaranteed for 3 years, and is supplied in a case with Spare Glass and Mainspring.

	Rs.
Keyless Chronograph, with Minute Recorder, in Metal case	35
Do. do. in Silver case	48
Keyless double Crystal Lever Watch, with Chronograph at back	68
Keyless Lever Crystal Case Silver Watch, with Chronograph	90
The same Watch in Hunting Case	105
Keyless Lever Chronograph Silver Crystal Case Watch, with Minute Recorder	110
Keyless Lever Hunting Silver Watch, with Chronograph and Minute Recorder	125
The VERY BEST Keyless Lever Watch, with Chronograph and Minute Recorder, not varying one Minute per month	200

N. B.—This Watch can be had in Crystal, Hunting, or Half-Hunting Case.

Keyless Lever Crystal Case, 18ct. Gold Watch, with Chronograph	275
The same Watch, with Minute Recorder	290
Keyless Lever 18ct. Hunting Watch, with Chronograph	335
The same Watch with Minute Recorder	375

MESSRS. MARCKS & Co. keep an unrivalled Stock of all kinds of Chronograph Watches combined with Repeating or Calendar Works, or all three complications together, and invite inspection at their Show-rooms.

MARCKS & Co., LD.,
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FELT HATS!
LATEST STYLE AND FINISH.
FELT HATS!!
WILL RETAIN THEIR SHAPE DURING THE RAINS.

Gent's Round Crown, Black, Light Brown, Dark Brown, and Manilla Brown.	
Cash	Rs. 9 0 each.
Credit	" 10 0 "
Gent's Square Crown, Black and Brown.	
Cash	Rs. 9 8 each.
Credit	" 10 12 "

VERY CHOICE

Tweed Cloth Caps, in Light and Dark Grey and Fawn Mixtures	
Cash	Re. 1 8 and Rs. 2 8 each.
Credit	" 1 12 and " 2 14 "

PEARL STRAW HATS.

Good Shape, best White Straw, and Ribbon Bands in Black, Crimson, Navy Blue, and White.	
Cash	Rs. 3 8 each.
Credit	" 4 0 "

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THE DENTISTS' TOOTH POWDER.

Recommended and Prescribed by the Eminent Dentists,
MESSRS. BROMLEY and CAMPBELL, for Cleaning and Preserving the Teeth. It is a pleasant and fragrant Dentifrice, leaving a refreshing coolness in the mouth, and is unequalled for sweetening the breath and preserving the Teeth.
Per Box, Re. 1-8.

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YELLOW LEATHER POLISH.

A Chemical Cream for producing a permanent and brilliant Polish on all kinds of leather goods.
It is invaluable for brown leather boots and shoes, saddles, harness, military accoutrements, &c., &c.
This Preservative and Polish will be found far superior to any imported article, being specially prepared to meet the exigencies of the Indian climate.
Per Dozen, Rs. 5. Per Bottle, Annas 8.

PREPARED ONLY BY
KEMP & CO., LD.,
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CURRENT ACCOUNTS kept, and Interest allowed on any amount.
FIXED DEPOSITS received at rates of Interest, to be ascertained on application.
PAY, PENSIONS and ANNUITIES Collected Free of Commission and without Life Certificate.
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IS one of the best MEDICINES yet discovered for CURE of LEPROSY and other Skin Diseases. Price: Rs. 4. Packing Extra.

LAWRENCE'S RHEUMATIC OIL.

IT is a valuable remedy in Rheumatism, Gout, Sciatica, Lumbago, &c. Price: Re. 1-4. Packing 2 As.

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CHEMISTS AND SOLE AGENTS IN INDIA,
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FOR SALE.

FOR SALE AT THE MORARJEE GOCULDAS MILLS, PAREL.

ONE COMPOUND HORIZONTAL side by side Condensing ENGINE, by J. and W. Yates, of Blackburn, Cylinder 22" by 36." 4 feet stroke, indicating 400 Horse Power, high pressure Cylinder, fitted with Automatic cut off valve coupled direct to Governors, complete with spur fly-wheel and P. Motion Spur Pinion. Cause of selling being too small for present use. All particulars can be obtained at the Mills or apply to the Agents.

MORARJEE GOCULDAS & Co.,
Secretaries, Treasurers and Agents,
The Morarjee Gooculdas S. and W. Co., Ld.

MOORE & CO.'S
GREAT ANNUAL
CLEARANCE SALE,
COMMENCING WEDNESDAY, JULY 20TH, AND THROUGHOUT AUGUST.

WE shall this year offer the whole of our immense Stock, without any exception, in our Clearance Sale prior to opening our New Stock for the Cold Season. We shall offer reductions of 10 to 50 per cent. presenting unequalled advantages to buyers.
Our Illustrated Monthly Circular, with full descriptions, will be sent free of charge to any address in India.

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THACKER & Co., Ld., BOMBAY.
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The K. O. Yorkshire Light Infantry will give a VARIETY ENTERTAINMENT IN AID OF NETLEY HOSPITAL CHARITABLE FUND, AT THE NOVELTY THEATRE, TO-NIGHT and SATURDAY, 13TH AUGUST.

(The Programme will consist of a Gymnastic Performance By Corporals Ryan, Hance, Privates Kay & Sanderson.

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ON THURSDAY, AUGUST 18TH,

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THE BANK will be CLOSED on MONDAY, the 15th instant, being a Public Holiday, under The Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881."

ANDREW MURRAY,
Offg. Secretary and Treasurer.

Bombay, 10th August, 1892.

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NOTICE is hereby given that an EIGHTEENTH DIVIDEND, at the rate of Rs. 18 per Share, has been declared and will be payable on and after THURSDAY, the 18th instant, to Shareholders on the Register on the 10th idem, on production of their Share Certificates.

This dividend will be paid to Shareholders in Bombay, at Company's Office, No. 8, Forbes Street, and to Shareholders in Calcutta, by Mes-rs. David Sassoon and Co., of that City, at their Office, No. 101, Clive Street.

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SADANAND BALCRISHNA,
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Bombay, 10th August, 1892.

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NOTICE.

WARD ELECTION OF A COUNCILLOR TO FILL UP A CASUAL VACANCY IN A (FORT AND HARBOUR) WARD.

THE SAID ELECTION being a Contested Election, I hereby publish, as required by Section 27 (2) of the City of Bombay Municipal Act 188, the names of the Persons validly nominated, with their respective abodes and descriptions and the names of the persons subscribing their respective nomination papers as proposers and seconders.

No.	Name of the Candidate.	Abode.	Description.	Nominated by	Seconded by
1	Mr. Muiraj Khatau Makanji.	No. 1-3, Girgaum.	Mill Agent and Merchant.	Mr. Vurjeevandas Madhawdas. Mr. Jeevandas Mooljee.	Mr. Vaeji Kerji Thakar. Mr. Soondardas Dharamsey.
2	Mr. Navroji Jehanghir Gamadia.	No. 56, Homji Street.	Justice of the Peace.	Mr. Sorabjee S. Bengalee, C. I. E.	Mr. Jamsetji Nasarwanji Tata.

The Poll will be taken on THURSDAY, the 18th August, 1892, at the Chief Municipal Office, Fort.

H. A. ACWORTH,
Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay.

Municipal Offices: Bombay, 11th August, 1892.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith, Empress of India.

Petition for Letters of Administration of the property and credits of SUDASEW TOOKARAM, late of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, who was carrying on business under the name of TOOKARAM HURRIBA, deceased.

TOOLSABAI (widow of Tookaram Hurriba) and grand-mother of HURRICHUND SUDASEW, a minor son of the said deceased.....Petitioner.

ALL PERSONS claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed Deceased, are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

Witness LYTTLETON HOLYOAKE BAYLEY, Esquire, Acting Chief Justice at Bombay, aforesaid, the 9th Day of August, in the Year of our Lord, One Thousand Eight Hundred and Ninety-two, and in the Fifty-sixth Year of Our Reign.

The Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

L. N. BANAJI,
Acting Registrar.

W. LANE.

The 9th Day of August, 1892.

Messrs. LITTLE, SMITH, F., AND NICHOLSON,
Petitioner's Attorneys.

NOW READY.

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Comparative Summaries of Imports, of Piece-Goods, and of Yarn into Bombay from Great Britain up to date, with the total for the month, and the same period as far back as 1870 and 1878, respectively.
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TEAS.—NEW NEILGHERRY TEAS: Congou, at As. 9; Souchong, As. 12; Pekoe, Re. 1-2; Orange Pekoe, Re. 1-6 per lb. J. NEUBERG, Bombay.

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SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY, No. 7, MARINE STREET.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 12th inst., at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Doongersy Road, Malabar Hill, the valuable and handsome French-polished blackwood and teakwood substantial made household furniture, best plateware, rich crockery and glassware, rich table ornaments, and Hink's lamps, Persian and Brussels carpets, handsome pictures, &c., the property of the Revd W. E. Scorr, proceeding up-country.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

SALE OF LANDED PROPERTY AT ONDERIA STREET, OUTSIDE THE FORT.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 12th instant, at 4 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction on the premises by order of the mortgagee, Sha Tribhowandas Vittuldas and on account and at the risk of the mortgagor Shaik Cassam Shaik Mehtab in pursuance of the power of sale given in the indenture of mortgage, dated the 9th day of August 1888, the following property, viz:—

All that piece of Government ground, together with the dwelling-house standing thereon, situate on the eastern side of Onderia Street, in the registration sub-district of Bombay, admeasuring 168 4-9 square yards or thereabouts, registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under old Nos. 1366 and 1337, new Nos. 858 and 3529, old survey No. 1473, 2474, 2472, and new survey Nos. 3943 and 3943 and assessed under E Ward under No. 281 and Street No. 84 and 85 and bounded on the east by sweeper's passage, on the west by the said Onderia street, on the north by the said house of Baba Meeya Kakur and on the south by the house of SYED EBRAHIM SYED RAMTOOLA.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to the undersigned

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 13th inst., at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at No. 5, Marine Lines, the valuable and handsome french-polished blackwood and teakwood household furniture of the latest design and best workmanship, best plateware, crockery and glassware, rich table ornaments, Hink's lamps, Persian and Brussels carpets, English dog-cart, one black C. B. by English stallion 14-2, one English Infantry Regulation saddle and bridle, one Labbez telemeter, one Inacken bush air gun, one 80lb. tent, &c., the property of Lieut. A. H. R. Milne.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

SALE OF THE SCHOOL FURNITURE OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY INSTITUTE PREMISES, KALBADAVIE ROAD.

Under instructions from the trustees of the above premises Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction at Agiary Lane, Kalbadavie Road, TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 13th instant, at 3 p.m., the whole of the school furniture consisting of benches, desks, chairs, boards, cup-boards, glass door, book cases, screens, t-bles, easy chair, boxes, globe lamps, clock, kerosine oil hanging and wall lamps, pieces of carpet, bell, a few bottles of chemicals and some maps, &c.

The property will be on view.

WEEKLY AUCTION SALE.

On MONDAY next, the 15th instant, at 2 p.m., Messrs CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their rooms, a quantity of grey, white and colored piece-goods and the following:—

40 drums sulphate of soda.

On account and at the risk of Esmail Hoosein—

1 case steel pen holders.
2 cases lead pencils.
1 cases India rubber ink and pencil erasors.

By order of the mortgagees Chatarbhan Chapalee and Co. and on account and at the risk of Sorabjee Jamsetjee Gudialia.

2 large English clocks on stand.
3 English clocks.
2 Palanquin clocks.

AT 2 P.M.

1 handsome double-seated brougham.
1 strong serviceable office shigram,
1 light victoria with removeable coach box.
1 strong serviceable dog-cart.

And any other carriages and horses which may be offered,

On THURSDAY, the 18th inst., at 2 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at Chuckla or Furniture Bazaar, by order of Alli Mahomed Yob, managing partner of the firm of Alli Mahomed Cassum & Co., the whole stock of China and Japanese goods consisting of Satsuma Kanga and bronze vases, plates, bowls, and ornaments, paper, silk, and other fans pictures, cabinets of sizes, lacquered ware sets of a flower pots, workboxes, bowls, tea sets, combs, tea trays, silver-mounted walking sticks, amber beads, China tea, pieces of cotton crape and silk, iron safe, cupboard, &c., &c.

SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY IN KHOJA STREET, OUTSIDE THE FORT.

On FRIDAY next, the 19th inst., at 4 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction on the premises by order of the mortgagee and on account and at the risk of the mortgagor Syed Kassum Syed Hoosein Attari in pursuance of the power of sale given in the indenture of mortgage, dated the 28th day of October 1891, the following property, viz:—

All that piece or parcel of Government land or ground, together with the messuage or dwelling house standing thereon, situate, lying and being without the Fort of Bombay, at New Town, fronting the eastern side of Khoja Street, in the registration sub-district of Bombay, formerly as well as now in the occupation of the mortgagor and his tenants, registered in the books of the Collector of land revenue for quit and ground rent under old No. 2593, new No. 3023, old survey No. 903, and new survey No. 4346, assessed by the Municipality under ward C No. 7253, street Nos. 145, 147, 149 and 151, containing by admeasurement 1239-9 square yards or thereabouts, and bounded on the east by the mosque, on the west by the aforesaid Khoja Street, on the north by vacant ground belonging to the said Hajee Noor Mahomed Hajee Abdulla, and on the south by the house of Jadhowjee Nathoo.

For particulars and conditions of sale application to be made to the mortgagee's Attorney, Mr. T. A. Bland, at his office, in Meadows Street.

SALE of valuable landed properties at Bhendy Bazaar or Parel Road and Shaik Budan Commandant Street, outside the Fort.

On SATURDAY, the 20th instant, at 4 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction on the premises, by order of the second mortgagee Motilall Bechardas, and on account and at the risk of the mortgagors, Ghanchi Ismail Oomer, and his wife Nanbai, in pursuance of the power of sale given in the indenture of mortgage, dated the 16th day of July, 1891, the following properties:—

Firstly,—All that piece of ground, together with a messuage, or dwelling-house standing thereon, situate without the Fort, in the Island of Bombay, on the western side of Bhendy Bazaar or Parel Road, in the registration sub-district of Bombay, registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under old No. 1657, new No. 8782, old Survey No. 2215, and new Survey No. 2-3705, and assessed by the Collector of Assessment formerly under No. 75 and now under Street No. 98 of Ward F, and New No. 3225, containing by admeasurement 80-6-9 square yards or thereabout, and bounded on the east by Bhendy Bazaar or Parel Road, on the west by the vacant ground of the said mortgagors, herein-after secondly described, on the north by the house of Pestonjee Hormusjee, and on the south by the house of Chandbai, widow of Mahomed Addin.

Secondly.—All that piece of vacant land admeasuring 111 1-9 square yards or thereabouts, registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under old No. 1666, new No. 8795, old Survey No. 2220, and new Survey No. 3705, and the premises standing thereon, situate, lying and being at Shaik Budan Commandant Street, on the east side thereof, in the registration sub-district of Bombay, and bounded on the east by the house of the said mortgagors hereinbefore firstly described, on the west by the Shaik Budan Commandant Street, on the north formerly by the vacant ground of Bai Ashoobibee, widow of Goolam Hoosein Cowasjee, and now of Pestonjee Pastakya, and on the south formerly by the house of Mahomed Soosamee Hoosein Havaldar and now of Hajee Shaik Abdoolla.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to the mortgagee's Attorney, Mr. T. A. BLAND, at his office, in Medows Street, Fort.

CRAWFORD & Co.

Bombay, August 12, 1892.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co., No. 4, FORBES & MEDOWS STREETS, FORT.

SALE OF LANDED PROPERTY SITUATE AT KAMATEEPURA.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 12th Aug., 1892, at 4 p.m., Messrs. MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON and Co. will sell the undermentioned properties by Public Auction on the premises, by order of the mortgagees, Dayabhoy Tribhowandas and Runchhordas Purshotumdas, trustees of the Surat Sudawarat Fund, and with the consent and concurrence of N. C. Macleod, Esq., Acting Official Assignee and Assignee of the Estate and Effects of Ashana Saidoo Hingo and Sayajee Ashana Hingoo, Insolvents: and at the risk of the mortgagors, the said Ashana Saidoo Hingoo and Sayajee Ashana Hingoo by virtue of a mortgage deed bearing date the 6th day of August, 1890, and made between the said Ashana Saidoo Hingoo and Sayajee Ashana Hingoo of the one part and the said Dayabhoy Tribhowandas and Runchordas Purshotumdas of the other part, and a further charge, dated 31st December, 1890, and made between the same parties:—

LOT No. 1.

All that and those two pieces or parcels of Government land or ground, one piece of land, containing by admeasurement 45 square yards, registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under old No. 4578, new No. 11011, old Survey No. 4092 and new Survey No. 6579, and the other piece of land containing by admeasurement 51 1-9 square yards, registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under old No. 4577, 4583, new No. 11015, old Survey Nos. 4093, 4094, and new survey No. 6580, in aggregate containing 96 1-9 square yards or thereabouts, together with the messuage, tenement or dwelling-house standing thereon, now in the course of construction, situate, lying and being without the Fort of Bombay, at 13th Kamateepura Street, in the registration sub-district of Bombay, assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal rates and taxes under E Ward No. 2072, 2073 and Street No. 82, 81, 86, 88, and bounded as follows: on the east by the house of Oomer Kader Khamissa, on the west by the house of Oodgari Bhooma, on the north by the 13th Kamateepura Street aforesaid, and on the south by sweeper's passage.

LOT No. 2.

All that piece or parcel of Government land or ground, together with the messuages, tenement, or dwelling-house, standing thereon, situate, lying, and being without the Fort of Bombay, at Kamateepura Bazaar Street, in the registration sub-district of Bombay, formerly as well as now in the occupation of tenants, assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under E Ward No. 1009 and Street Nos. 18, 20, 22, containing by admeasurement 196 square yards or thereabouts, registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under old No. 3215, new No. 10074, old Survey No. 2204 and new Survey No. 5858, and bounded as follows: on the east by Kamateepura Bazaar Street aforesaid, on the west by the house of Ranjee Sitiba, on the north by sweeper's passage, and beyond that by the house of Yenkoo Baloo, and on the south by 2nd Kamateepura Street.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application should be made to the undersigned or Messrs. Bhaishanker and Kanga, Attorneys to the mortgagees.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co.

Bombay, August 12, 1892.

BOMBAY GAZETTE Bi-Weekly Edition.—Issued on Monday and Thursday, giving all the News and Telegrams up to date. Subscription per Annum, Rs. 12; Half-yearly Rs. 6; Quarterly Rs. 3, to Subscribers in Bombay, in the Mofussil postage extra.

SALES BY AUCTION.

MENESSE AND COMPANY, No. 8, HUMMUM STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF UNCLAIMED LUGGAGE AND OTHER GOODS.

Messrs. MENESSE and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 12th inst., at 2 p.m., at Colaba, near the Tramway Company's Stables in the Goods Shed of the B. B. and C. I. Railway Company—

A quantity of unclaimed luggage and other goods.

MENESSE & Co.

Bombay, August 12, 1892.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co., 21, MEDOWS STREET, BOMBAY.

AUCTION SALE OF MECHANICAL TOYS.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 12th instant, at 2 p.m., Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at their Sale Rooms—

On account and at the risk of the defaulting indentor, Fidaaly Abdoolaly—

Per s.s. Khedive—

One case mechanical fancy toys in varieties, and one lot of perfume sprayers.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co.

Bombay, August 12, 1892.

BENNETT AND COMPANY, No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF COALS.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 12th instant, at 3 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction at Mallet Bunder, by order of the concerned, and on account and at the risk of Mr. Rosa Oomar—

About 198 tons of doubled-screened South Hotton's Smithy nut coals landed ex-s. s. Egremont Castle.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 13th instant, Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods, &c., by order of the mortgagees, Mr. and Mrs Shapoorjee Jehangeer, and on account and risk of the mortgagors, Nowrojee Cowasjee Arsiwalla and Merwanjee Cowasjee Arsiwalla—

10 cases lead light-glasses.

AT 1-30 P. M.

1 second-hand strong glass-fronted miniature brougham in good order.
1 second-hand palanquin office shigram.
1 four-seated open carriage in good order.
1 strong bay Arab, 14 hands, quiet to ride and drive.
1 grey Arab galloway, quiet in harness.
1 handsome strong Bay Australian mare, goes well in saddle.
1 strong Bay country-bred pony, goes well in saddle and harness.
1 Kathiawar cow with calf.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 13th instant, at 1 p.m. Messrs. BENNETT & Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Medows Street, Fort, below Mr. N. M. Petit's office, the valuable and handsome blackwood and teakwood French-polished household furniture, best plateware, rich crockery and glassware, handsome glass, table ornaments, first-rate oleographs and pictures, handsome large size pier glasses in gilt frame, Brussels and Persian carpets, &c., the property of a Gentleman proceeded to Europe,

The property is on view.

AUCTION SALE, by order of the Trustees for the Debenture-holders, of the MAHARANI ICE Co., Ld.

Under instructions of the Trustees of the Debenture-holders of the Maharani Ice Co., Ld., Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will (unless previously privately disposed of) on WEDNESDAY, the 17th instant, at 4 p.m., sell by Public Auction, on the premises, the property of the above-named Company in one lot, consisting of the lease of the property situated at No. 5, Armenian Lane, Fort, together with new and old boilers, engines, pumps, refrigerators, condensers, shaftings, ice and water tanks, electric light machinery, filters, engine stores, engine tools, spare machinery, furniture, scales, tools, &c., &c.

Full particulars of the above property, together with the conditions of sale, can be obtained from the Managing Trustee, Mr. Chubildas Lalcobhoy, at Messrs. James Mackintosh and Co., or at the office of Messrs. Brown and Moir, Solicitors, or at the Rooms of the undersigned.

On THURSDAY, the 18th instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at "Denn's Lodge," Ridge, Malabar Hill (where the whole kit has been removed for sale), the very valuable and handsome well-seasoned teak and blackwood French-polished household furniture of the latest design, and best workmanship, best plateware, very rich crockery and glassware, very handsome China and Japanese vases, rich table ornaments, first-rate oil-paintings in gilt frames, magnificent Satsuma and Kanga vases, a first-rate mahogany grand square piano by Soundy and Co., in very good order, a handsome strong-built victoria with a fast-trotting grey Arab horse, very handsome Hink's and Ditmar's table and hanging lamps, &c., the property of J. C. E. BRANSON, Esq., Accountant-General of Allahabad.

Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view 4 days before the sale.

On TUESDAY, the 23rd, and WEDNESDAY, the 24th instant, at 1 p.m. each day, Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at No. 8, Medows Street, Fort, opposite to the Roman Catholic Church, the stock-in-trade or Seedie Hajee Vaidina, late M. Seedie and Co., consisting of waterproof sheet cloth, single and double width, waterproof coats, silk umbrellas, china slippers, gentlemen boots and shoes, gentlemen socks and stockings, drawers, banians, white cotton silk and China handkerchiefs, Scotch tweed, single and double width, coloured coating, velvet and woolen codroy, black and blue coating and serge, check, Agra carpets, razai, pillows, white gentlemen shirts, deck chairs, Gladstone bags, trunks, hand bags, overland trunks, hat boxes, Gladstone fitting bags, gentlemen collars and cuffs of all sorts, towels dressing gowns, all sorts of ready-made clothes, striped flannel cotton mixed and all wool, for the suit, China crapes, striped Oxford shirts, railway rugs, solar hats and all sorts of English hats, braces, silk feather pillows, feather, buttons, needles, brushes, tread, sponge, white dress quilting striped silk, Broach table cloth, counterpane, glass door book cases, show cases, hanging punkahs, mirrors, gas fittings, chairs, &c., &c.

The above goods will be on view four days before the day of sale.

BENNETT & Co.

Bombay, August 12, 1892.

J. NEUBERG, MEDOWS STREET, BOMBAY.

NEW SHIPMENT OF

TRICHINOPOLY CIGARS & CHEROOTS.

Respectful attention is requested to present Stocks, which are simply unapproachable as regards QUALITY and CONDITION.

☞ Parcels for Friends at Home made up on shortest possible Notice.

SPECIAL REGARD FOR DUTIABLE WEIGHTS.

FLOR DE JAVAS.

Not to be confounded with so-called JAVAS obtaining elsewhere. These are the ONLY ORIGINAL JAVAS,

FREE DRAUGHT,

SPLENDID CONDITION,

PUREST TOBACCO.

ROYALS	Rs. 4 0	Per 100
TRABUCOS	„ 3 12	„
COQUETAS	„ 3 8	„

Please compare Sizes and Quality with other so-called JAVAS.

FLOR DE SUMATRA CIGARS.

No. 1	Rs. 4 0	Per 100
„ 2	„ 3 12	„

Special attention is invited to these particularly Choice Cigars.

MALTA CIGARS.
"SPOTTED CABANAS."
VERY CHOICE.

REAL BURMAHS
AND
REAL HAVANNAH CIGARS.

By direct importation.

J. NEUBERG,
MEDOWS STREET, BOMBAY.

THE Undersigned keeps in Stock MISCELLANEOUS STORES for immediate Supply, such as Mills, Ship and Railway Stores, Hardware, Ammunition, Sulphur, Blasting Powder, Fuses, Red Lead, Turpentine, Brushes, Pig Lead, all sorts of Paints, Oil, Varnishes, Ropes of best quality and all sizes, Kerosine Oil, of the well-known Brands, Cocoanut Oil, Castor Oil, and many other articles too numerous to mention.

FOR SALE.

SNOW FLAKE KEROSINE OIL 150°, arrived. A fresh consignment, ex Paul Revere, Rs. 3-12-0 per case wholesale.

Orders for large and small quantities will be attended to.

હેપ્તુલા શેકઆદમની કું૦

C., HEPTOOLA SHAIK ADUM and Co.,

Agents for Messrs. Curtis's and Harvey's Gun Powder and Blasting Powder.

NOTICES.

MESSRS. KING, KING & Co. beg to announce, that in view of possible INCONVENIENCE CAUSED to certain Members of the MILITARY and CIVIL SERVICE by the recent SUSPENSION of the New Oriental Bank Corporation, Ld., they are willing to make ADVANCES against Credit Balances on that Bank to Officers and Civilians, on their OPENING CURRENT ACCOUNTS with them.

PRINTING PAPERS Manufactured by Messrs. JOHN DICKINSON and Co., London, specially for Indian Markets.

To-day's issue of the *Bombay Gazette* is printed on J. D. & Co.'s LION BRAND ORANGE LABEL, Glazed Quality Printings.

NOTICE.

I DO HEREBY give notice that from the 11th instant till the 31st December next, any Dogs found in the F. and G. Division straying in the streets or beyond the enclosures of the houses of the owners of such dogs, will be destroyed in accordance with the Provisions of Section CXVI of Act XIII of 1856.

W. H. WILSON, Colonel,
Commissioner of Police.

Police Commissioner's Office, Bombay, 10th August, 1892.

THE BOMBAY COTTON MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that ELEVENTH DIVIDEND of RUPEES (20) TWENTY per Share (being at the r

BOMBAY BANK AND STOCK LIST.

BANKS.

Names.	Shares.	Amount.	Paid-up.	Last Half-Yearly Divd.	Cash Rate.
INDIAN BANKS.					
Bank of Bombay	20,000	Rs. 500	Rs. 500	Rs. 25	Rs. 1,040
Bank of Bengal	40,000	500	all	9 pr. ct.	1,020
Bank of Madras	10,000	500	all	6 pr. ct.	890
EXCHANGE BANKS.					
Agra	100,000	£10	all	5 pr. ct.	110
Charter Bank	40,000	£20	£20	7 pr. ct.	£28
Char. Mercantile	30,000	£25	£25	5 pr. ct.	300
Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation	80,000	$125	all	15 pr. ct.	£54
National Bank of India	40,000	£25	£12½	6 pr. ct.	180
New Oriental Bank	50,000	£10	all	6 pr. ct.	Nil
Silver Share	...	...	...	...	...
SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.					
Ahmedabad	600	1,500	1,000	90	1,400
Alliance	1,500	100	all	Rs. 20	490
Anglo-Indian	1,345	100	100	5	85
Bellary S & W Co. Ld. (Bellary)	871	6	all	9 per ct.	500
Bombay United	900	1,000	1,000	25	590
Bombay Cotton Manfg. Co.	600	500	500	20	420
Bombay National Manfg. Co., Ld.	500	1,000	1,000	...	350nom.
Britannia Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	30	500
Central India	1,000	500	500	40	1,185
China Mills Co. Ld.	800	1,000	1,000	Nil	390
City of Bombay Mills	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	1,100
Connaught Mills	600	500	500	10 pr. ct.	700xd
Colaba Land & Mill	4,000	700	700	12½	652½
Coorla Mills	800	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	445
Coral Mills Co., Ld.	5,698	100	100	50	457½
David Mill	1,400	500	500	Rs. 20	450
Dhun Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	50	825
Empress	2,100	500	500	10 pr. ct.	645xd.
Framjee Petit	1,250	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	500
Gordon Mills	2,000	1,000	1,000	Nil	145
Hindustan	875	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	790
Hinguphat Mill	700	500	500	40	660
Howard and Bulloughs	1,500	500	500	Rs. 50	25 665xd.
Hyderabad	700	1,000	1,000	...	1,000
Imperial Cotton	900	500	500	...	405
Indian Manfg.	900	1,000	1,000	Rs.	1,105
James Greaves	1,100	500	500	10 pr. ct.	660xd.
Jaffer Alli	600	500	500	Nil	340
Jamshed Manufacturing Co.	1,800	250	250	12½	213½
Jewraz Baloo	1,000	1,000	1,000	40	835
Jubilee Mills Co., Ld.	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	500 xd
Khandelsh	750	1,000	1,000	30	655
Khangaum Manfg. Co.	400	250	250	Nil	720
Khatao Mackunjee	1,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	530
Leopold	3,500	100	100	15 pr. ct.	190
Lord Reay Mfg	445	1,000	1,000	35	700
Lukmidas Spinning & Weaving Co	1,000	1,000	1,000	50	1,135
Madras United	350	1,000	1,000	500	2,300
Mahaluxmee	600	1,000	1,000	Nil	400
Mahboob Shah Mills (Gulburga)	2,400	500	500	15 pr. ct.	500 nom
Manockjee Petit	4,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 70	1,535
Mazagon	5,000	0	250	6	125
Morarji Gocul-das	1,050	1,000	1,000	70	1,900
Maharaja Mysore S & M Co.	4,50	100	100	7 pr. ct.	105
Madura Mills	7,779	100	100	Nil.	par
National	500	1,000	1,000	Nil.	160
New Great Eastern	1,400	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	650
Oriental	5,725	625	625	Rs. 12½	455
Presidency Mills Co (Ld.)	Nil 745	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	1,360
Queen Mills	800	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	780
Ripon Mills	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 60	1,100
Sassoon	1,500	1,000	1,000	5	1,455
Sholapore Mills	500	1,000	1,000	0	1,230
Soonderdas	750	1,000	1,000	35	625
Southern India	1,000	500	500	Nil	110
Southern Maharatta	1,212	250	250	12½	220½
Sun Mills, Ld.	1,500	250	250	12½	207½
Star of India	1,000	1,000	1,000	20	400
Swadeshi Mill	3,000	500	500	Rs. 25	510
Union Spinning and Manufacturing Co.	900	1,000	1,000	50	620
Victoria Mills	550	1,000	1,000	25	360
Western India	1,200	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	765
Wadia Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	...	710
Union Mills, Ld	900	1,000	1,000	...	500
MISCELLANEOUS.					
Alcock Ashdown	1,000 / 750	200 / 50	200 / 150	10 / 7½	260 / 195
Back Bay Baths	600	50	50	12	40
Badhan Pilo	5,000	100	100	10	90
Bapty Brothers	6,625	200	185	18	42
Berar Oil Mills Co., Limited.	1,250	100	all	Nil.	100 nom.
Bombay Fire Insurance	600	2,500	1,000	75	1,100
Bombay & Burma Trading Corporation	1,000	2,200	1,500	270	4,200
Do. New Issue.	500	375	625	67½	1,060
Bombay Ice Mfg. Co., Ld.	1,250	100	100	ex div 2	88
Bombay Land and Building Co., Ld.	400	500	500	3 pr. ct.	630
Bombay Flour Mill	1,000	500	500	Rs. 25	800 xd.
Deccan Ice Co.	1,170	100	100	4 pr. ct.	15
Deccan Paper Mills	1,000		500	5 pr. ct.	385
Delhi and Northern India Flour Mills	1,500	200	200	Rs. 11	140
Geyer & Co., Ld.	500	100	70	...	70 nom.
Indian Guarantee Surety Ship Assn	5,000	100	10	10 pr. ct.	16
John Roberts & Co.	1,500	100	100	10 pr. ct.	102
Kemp & Co.	4,000	200	175	26	315
Kurrachee Landing	500	500	300	30	130
Maharanee Ice Manufacturing Co.	3,500	100	100	Nil.	30
Marcks & Co., Ld.	600	100	100	Rs. 10	88½
Napier Hotel Co	2,000	100	100	9 pr. ct.	45
Napier Foundry	1,000	100	200	...	60
Oriental Govt. Security Life Insurance	5,000	200	50	12 pr. ct.	185
Oriental Loan	5,000	20	20	8 pr. ct.	15
Phillips & Co., Ld.	4,000	100	100	6 pr. ct.	80xd.
Port Canning Co.	6,000	1,000	1,000	20	455
Prince of Wales Firein.	250	8,000	1,000	N dvd.	2,350
Royal Flour Mills	2,500	100	100	...	20
Soundy & Co.	1,000	100	100	9	80
Southwell and a. Austin, Ld.	Ord. 1,000	100	100	5 pr. ct.	20
Do.	Prf. 1,000	100	100	10 pr. ct.	100
Treacher & Co.	2,000	500	all	60	820
Thacker & Co.	1,500	100	100	10	68
Telephone Co.	9,200	25	25	Rs. 1	19½
RAILWAY COMPANIES.				Last half-yearly guar.	
G.I.P.R. Consolidated Stock	...	£100	all	5 p.c.	2,400
B. B. & C. I. R. New Shares	£18 ...	£ 18	...	do.	

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, &c.

Four per cent	105 1-16
Four-and-a-half per cent	104½ nom.
Municipal 5 percent. Debenture Loans	116
New French Loan 5 per cent. 1872	nom.
City of Paris Loan	nom.
Port Trust Bonds	105

PRICES OF BULLION.

Sovereigns	Rs.	16-3
Carolas	„	225
Mexican Dollars	„	222-8
Five Franc Pieces Gold	„	320
Bar Silver	„	106-7
Gold Leaf	„	25
Bar Gold, English	„	25-14
Bar Australian	„	25-11
Bar Bombay	„	25-10
Bar Pekin	„	25-4

EXCHANGE.

	Terms.		Rate.
London Banks	On demand		1s. 2d.
Do. do.	Telegraphic		1s. 2 19-32d.
Do. do.	3 Months' sight		1s. 2 11-16d.
Do. do.	4 Do.	do.	1s. 2 23-32d.
Do. do.	6 Do.	do.	1s. 2 25-32d.
Do. Credit	3 Do.	do.	1s. 2 13-16d.
Do. do.	6 Do.	do.	1s. 2d.
Do. Documents	3 Do.	do.	1s. 2 27-32d.
Do. do.	6 Do.	do.	1/2 29-32
France	3 Do.	do.	1/56
Do.	6 Do.	do.	1/57½
Calcutta	At sight		100 1-32
Do.	60 days'	do.	99½
Madras	At sight		100 1-16
Do.	30 days'	do.	99½
China	60 days'	do.	221

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Surat City Press Company, 2-30 p.m.
Municipal Sanitation Committee, 3 p.m.
Polo on the Maidan, 5 p.m.
Dance, B. B. and C. I. R. Mechanics' Institute.
Novelty Theatre, Variety Entertainment.

POLO.—There will be a game, to-day, at 5 p.m.

PRINCE'S DOCK.—The s. s. Naderi entered the dock yesterday.

VICTORIA DOCK.—The s. s. Thibet entered the dock yesterday; and the s.s. Hispania left it on Wednesday, and the s. s. Bokhara yesterday.

MANOCKJEE NUSSERWANJEE PETIT CHARITABLE DISPENSARY.—The total number of patients treated during the last month was 5,214, the daily average being 168. The total of new patients was 950.

BURSTING OF THE MAIN WATER-PIPES.—The Vehar water-mains at the junction of Parel and Bellasis Roads, at the Byculla Bazar, and also at Grant Road, near the Northbrook Gardens, burst on Wednesday night.

THE CURRENCY MEETING.—Among those present at the Town Hall Meeting, on Wednesday evening, were Messrs. Eknath Raghoonath Narayen Khote and Soondernath Dinanath Raghoonath Khote, whose names were omitted.

SWALLOWING KEROSINE OIL.—A Hindoo girl, named Parbutee, about two years of age, residing with her parents, at New Nagpada, Parel Road, on Wednesday afternoon, while playing, got hold of a vessel containing kerosine oil, and drank it. She was removed to the J. J. Hospital, where she is detained.

DEATH OF A HINDOO HIGH PRIEST.—Maharaj Jugunnath Anund, the High Priest of the Hindoo grain-dealers, died on Wednesday night, at the age of sixty-eight, at his residence, at Bhuleshwar. The body of the deceased was carried yesterday morning to the Walkeshwar burning-ground, followed by about two hundred Hindoos.

DISMISSED FROM GOVERNMENT SERVICE.—Kanchanprasad Hiraprasad, late a Forest Guard in the Dangs, having been convicted, under Section 384 of the Indian Penal Code; and also Mahadu bin Gana, Revenue and Police Patil of Mauze Shirol, taluka Bhewndi, in the Thana Collectorate, having been convicted, under Section 43 of the Bombay Abkari Act No. V. of 1878, are declared incapable of serving Government again in any capacity.

SERIOUS ACCIDENT TO A CHILD.—Yesterday evening, Sybil Emine, about 1 year and 8 months old, daughter of Sergt. Moore, residing at the Head-quarters of the Bombay Volunteers; accidentally fell down on to the paved footpath, out of a window of the first storey of the building. The child was picked up in an unconscious state and removed to the Gokuldass Tejpal Hospital, which is just opposite the Volunteer's headquarters, at Carnac Road. The child's injury was promptly attended to, after which Sergt. Moore took his daughter to the European General Hospital, where she was detained for further treatment.

A JAIL BIRD.—At the Girgaum Police Court, yesterday, before Mr. Hamilton, Second Presidency Magistrate, Inspector Hack brought up one Rama Beojee, a notorious character, on three different charges of theft of copper pots, silk embroidered wearing apparel, collectively valued at Rs. 350, belonging to Yussufalli Rusulji, Teja Uma, and Pereira, all residing at Byculla. On the 30th of last month, a police sepoy received certain information, upon which he arrested the accused, and found a portion of the stolen property in his possession. Further inquiries being made, it was discovered that the accused had, during the last three months, committed thefts of different property from the houses of seven different persons. The accused had disposed of a major portion of the stolen property to several Marwadees, at Camateepoors. Four of the complainants have not yet been identified. The accused pleaded guilty and admitted three previous convictions. His Worship sentenced him to two years' rigorous imprisonment.

THEFT OF OPIUM.—At the Esplanade Police Court, yesterday, Mr. Joseph Wood Hind, Superintendent of the Government Opium Warehouse, charged Krishna Goolab, before Mr. C. P. Cooper, Chief Presidency Magistrate, with the theft of an opium ball, valued at Rs. 6-8. Mr. Hind, in his evidence, stated that the accused was arrested, on Wednesday evening, in the Government Warehouse, by the gatesman of the Warehouse, and the opium was found secreted in the bundi of the accused. The opium did not belong to the Government but it must have been stolen from a merchant's godown, in the Warehouse. The accused was asked by Mr. Hind as to where he got the opium from, but as he could not give a satisfactory reply he was made over to the police. The accused, on being questioned by his Worship, stated that he had purchased the opium for Rs. 2 from a Ghatee. The Magistrate sentenced the accused to undergo three months' rigorous imprisonment, and ordered the opium, which weighed about 29 tolas, to be sent to the Collector of Customs.

CHARGE OF CRIMINAL TRESPASS AGAINST A POLICEMAN.—Yesterday afternoon, before Mr. Hamilton, Second Presidency Magistrate, at the Girgaum Police Court, Inspector Moore placed Bappu Babaji, aged 20, a police sepoy doing duty in D division, at Walkeshwar Road, on a charge of criminal trespass. The accused had been attached to the Bombay police force for the last two years and a-half; only a few days ago, he was transferred from the Girgaum section to the Walkeshwar Road, and was on duty, near the bungalow of a Parsee gentleman. A groom, named Bhica Pema, had been recently taken into the service of that gentleman. A month ago Bhica's wife, named Bhani, came from her native country, and lived with her husband, in his master's stable, at Walkeshwar Road. On Wednesday morning, at about three o'clock, the accused, who was on his beat there, undressed himself and entered the girl's abode, when he was seized by her husband, the complainant, and then handed over to the police. The accused, in his defence, stated that he had gone to the stable with the girl's consent. He had no witnesses to substantiate his statement. His Worship, not believing the defence set up, convicted him of the offence, and sentenced him to suffer two months' rigorous imprisonment.

PASSING OFF BRASS AS GOLD.—Yesterday, before Mr. Hamilton, Second Presidency Magistrate, at the Girgaum Police Court, at the instance of Inspector Nelmes, one Syed Moobarakhshah Hussanali was charged with cheating and defrauding Hussain Jan, a dancing girl, residing at Khetwadi, in respect of a sum of Rs. 400. Mr. Velinkar, pleader, appeared for the prosecution. From the evidence adduced, it appeared that the accused, in company with three others, went to the house of the complainant on the 27th ultimo, and offered to sell a neck ornament, alleged to be of gold, valued at Rs. 500. The complainant sent a servant of hers with the accused to a goldsmith's shop. The accused took two beads from the necklace, and went with the youth to a goldsmith's shop, where the beads were tested, and declared to be of good gold. Thereupon the prosecutrix pawned her own ornaments with a Marwaree, and gave the accused and his companions the sum of Rs. 400. Some time after she went to another goldsmith's shop, and upon retesting the beads, they were pronounced to be of brass. A report was thereupon made to the police. The accused was subsequently arrested at his house, at 7th Lane, Khetwady, when Rs. 70 were found in his possession. The others have absconded, and have not yet been found. The accused, in his defence, stated that he had received Rs. 70 from a friend of his to give to his wife. He denied having been involved in the case of cheating. The Magistrate convicted him of the charge of cheating, and sentenced him to one year's imprisonment, with hard labour.

RUGBY FOOTBALL.

THERE will be a game on the Cooperage to-day. The Kick off will be at 5-15 p.m. sharp :—

COLOURS :—	Back	WHITE :— Private Greenwood
C St. Paul		
A Walpole	1	P Fisher
W Ruck Keene	2	Private Rothery
and another		Apothy Greahy
A S Capper	3	W Sutherland
Gunner Laughton	4	and another
R R Owen		W C Symes
E G Farquharson		T Anderson
N J Stabb		G I L Home
P G Wallis-Whiddett	Forward	P G Clark
P De Wilton		J H Murray
G L Stacey		T M Burne
and three others		and three others.

WESTERN AUSTRALIA is about eight times the size of the United Kingdom. Its population, according to the census of 1891, was 49,782. There are about 10,000 more males than females.

HIGH COURT.—APPELLATE SIDE.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice JARDINE and the Hon. Mr. Justice TELANG.)

ACQUITTED OF A CHARGE OF MURDER.

IMPERATRIX VS. YAKUB WALAD HASANBA AND TWO OTHERS.

THIS was an appeal from a decision of Mr. H. F. Aston, Sessions Judge of Ratnagiri, who, in May last, convicted the three accused of murder and sentenced them each to be transported for life. Mr. Inverarity, instructed by Mr. M. C. Apte, appeared for the second and third accused; and the Government Pleader for the Crown.

Mr. Justice Jardine, in delivering the decision of the court, said:—The full and careful judgment recorded by the Sessions Judge who convicted the three prisoners enables us to understand the value he attached to the statements of the different witnesses and the inferences he drew from the evidence. He has also recorded with equal clearness the opinions of the three assessors, who all differed from the learned Judge, and were of opinion that the guilt of the prisoners was not proved. The whole case has been fully argued before us by Mr. Inverarity and Mr. Apte for them, and the Government Pleader for the Crown. We do not think it is proved that the woman Baya met her death by murder. There were no marks of violence on the corpse, and there is no statement by any eye-witness as to the time, place, or manner of her death. She appears to have been drowned, and the dead body was found on the sea-shore on the 3rd March. The prosecution theory rests on direct evidence, that the prisoner Yakub induced Baya about 10 p.m. on the 2nd March to embark with him in a boat to go to Rutnagherry to the native theatre there: and that the other prisoners, Mahomed and Sulleman, accompanied them. The chief witness about this is Hari Gopal. He says he went with Yakub to call Baya, and saw them all start from the bunder. He and his daughter Jani say they facilitated a meeting between Baya and Yakub at Hari's house in the morning of the same day. As Hari is not at all supposed to be an accomplice in any crime, we think the fact that he was taken into confidence is an indication that the intentions of the prisoners were not criminal. But we are not disposed to believe altogether the story he narrates. The little daughter of Baya contradicts him, and says that Mahomed and Sulleman came with Yakub to call Baya away. Moreover, she does not mention Hari. The subsequent threatening of Hari by prisoner No. 1 after Baya's death is uncorroborated, and so is a similar occurrence described by Kadir. There was apparently no reason why Mahomed should press Baya to meet Yakub, as Ajiji deposes. The evidence of the two boatmen about meeting the boat of the prisoners is not very material, especially as the date of that occurrence was not ascertained. One of them, Inus, deposed to improper means used by the police to induce him to inform. It seems to us improbable that if Baya left in the manner described, Ajiji, her sister, who was with her shortly before, and saw her gaily dressed with her own and Ajiji's ornaments on, should have had no knowledge of Baya's intentions and have put no questions, more especially as, according to the theory of the prosecution, Baya was about to cross the creek to Rutnagherry to go to the theatre, leaving three young children alone in the house, her husband being absent at Bombay. The witness Hari gave inconsistent reasons to explain why he was invited, to go with Yakub to Baya's house to call her. It is, we think, to be regretted that no Magistrate took part in the inquiry following the discovery of the corpse, a matter for which sections 173 and 174 of the Code make provision. Rightly or wrongly, it was assumed by the police, who held the inquest, that no crime had been committed, and the corpse was not even sent for medical inspection. The evidence about some property said to be Baya's being afterwards found does not affect the prisoners, Mahomed or Sulleman. It is open to some doubt whether the ornament marked F. in the record really belonged to Ajiji. If it did, and was only left with Baya for safe custody, which is not altogether a probable story, the conduct of Ajiji in taking no notice of Baya's wearing it on the night in question and her seeming indifference to the fact after the corpse had been found without this ornament, requires further explanation. The theory of the prosecution does not account for some other matters: *e.g.*, the loss from Baya's house of currency notes and clothes, articles which she was not likely to carry with her to the theatre. On these grounds we think the prisoners are entitled to have the convictions and sentences reversed. The Sessions Judge directed a tender of pardon to the prisoner Mahomed, which was refused. It appears, so far as we can judge from the record to have been coupled with a condition that the prisoner should profess to have been present when the death of Baya occurred, and to have personal knowledge of the circumstances under which the offence alleged by the prosecution occurred. We are of opinion such a condition could not be attached to the pardon tendered. The condition which the law allows a Court to attach is stated in section 337 of the Code of Criminal Procedure. It may tender a pardon to an offender "on condition of his making a full and true disclosure of the whole of the circumstances within his knowledge relative to such offence, and to every other person concerned, whether as principal or abettor, in the commission thereof." He is not to be bound over to any particular narration. The principle is that the law should be worked so that the temptation to the accomplice to strain the truth should be as slight as possible. Per Blackburn, J., in Winsor *vs.* the Queen, L. R., 1 Q.B., 312.

The court, for the above reasons, reversed the convictions of the prisoners, and the sentences passed upon them, and acquitting them of the charge of murder, directed that they be set at liberty.

AUGUST 12.

(Before the Hon'ble the Acting CHIEF JUSTICE and the Hon'ble Mr. Justice FARRAN.)

For Judgment.

738—Chalk W and S—Jetha Purka and others *vs* Ramchandra Wittola—H S Dikshit.

408-2543 of 91—Brown and M—G G Smith and others, *vs* Ludha Ghella Damodka—Balkrishna and P—S C C Suit.)

Appeal for Hearing and Final Disposal.

737—Khunkernao M—Reuben Solomon *vs* Nana Bappoo Joshi—Crawford B and Co.

For argument on Commissioner's Report and for further direction.

684—Tyabjee D and J—Khadiza Begum alias Doolum Bogum and others *vs* Moheson—Crawford B and Co.

Appeal for Hearing and Final Disposal.

742—Bicknell and M—Rahimabai *vs* Hajee Hassum Hajee Abdula Nurani—Tyabjee D and J.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice PARSONS.)

Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal.

Postponed Long Causes.

290-90—Crawford B and Co—Nandoo Dasa *vs* Soonderdas, Dossa and another—Brown and M—(Part heard.)

707-90—Craigie L and O—The Chartered Bank of I A and China *vs* Allarakhia Arab and another—Payne, G and S.

263-91—Bicknell and M—Jeelubai alias Jeewanbai *vs* Bhimrao Atmaram—Ardesir H and D.

316-91—Ardesir H and D—Byramjee Jeejeebhoy *vs* Jeeloobai and another—Bicknell and M.

231-91—Edgelow and G—Samaldas Raghunathdas *vs* Vullecbhoy Khanbhoy—Wadia and G.

180-92—Craigie L and O—Wassodew Vinayekrao M *vs* Bhagirthibai and another—Wadia and G.

234-92—Manshuklal. D and J—Jamnadas Gigabhoy *vs* The Jadowjee Raghowjee M Co—Pestonjee R and K.

44-92—Brown and M—Narsumal Shewaldas *vs* Sulleman Mehta and others—Edgelow and G.

624-90—Roughton and B—Thakordas Jugjeewandas and others *vs* Sulleman Mitha and others—Edgelow and G.

102-92—Framjee and M—Raghoonoth Venayek Pandit *vs* Haridas Korejee—Payne, G and S.

UNCLAIMED LETTERS.

The following is a list of unclaimed letters lying at the Bombay General Post Office :—

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Anokhsing	Jeatt, A	Rosaland, C
Bird, G F	Jones, A B, Mrs	Richi, L
Brighton, T D	Joempobury, J	Royal, B, Madam
Burnett, J B	Koch, G	Russell, C E M
Byramji D Janday	King, B	Runbodo, P
Baumgartner	Kemerling, M	Shapure, Z
Brantz Rog	Kinent, E	Simpson, E
Basset, E	Kelly, Captain	Sayamanunda Shami
Buchan, G C F	King, C	Shaik Mahomed Jacob
Barman	Loadon, R H	Spitzel, L
Browne, Lt-Gel H R	Lawrence, C Proff	Sestan, F C
Bradbury, J F	Lonsdale, W	Siegernaun, E A
Coelho, C M	Lunarchand, C H	Somlab
Collins, J O	Lopes, S C	Smith
Copenhagen, M	Mian Din Mahomed	Silva, W S
Colahan, M, Miss	McDonald, W J	Smith, D M
Cazemuve, L	Maria, R	Steuart, C H
Charles, L	McPhee	Schnitzer, H
Churchward	Mathews, J W, Mrs	Southwell & Austin
Clarke, F	Mackenzie, R, Capt	Saunders, M A
D'Silva, J	Mitchell, C	Salmon, M B, Capt
Donnenberg, A	Mitchell, F J	Tukoorsing
D'Mello, J	Namberumal Garoo	Thomson, Maj
Dracott, W C	Nolan, A H, Mrs	Veraud, E
Ersenhofer, K	Norris, E J	Von Kugelmaun, H
Fries, J	Narayana, S Ayer	Vickers, W
Fanel, M	Newman, H J	Walker, P C
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SMALL CAUSES COURT.—WEDNESDAY.

(Before Mr. C. W. CHITTY, Chief Judge.)

IMPORTANT JUDGMENT IN A CONSIGNMENT CASE.

VUSSONJEE TRICUMJEE AND OTHERS VS. THE SOUTHERN MAHRATTA RAILWAY CO., LD.

MR. RIVETT-CARNAC, barrister-at-law, with Mr. Manchashanker, pleader, appeared for the plaintiffs; and Mr. Bayley of Messrs. Crawford, Burder, Buckland and Bayley, solicitors, represented the defendants.

His Honour, in delivering judgment, said:—In this suit the plaintiffs seek to recover from the defendents the sum of Rs. 1,481-15 as a refund of certain sums paid by them in respect of cotton imported by them into Bombay. The facts of the case as to which there is little or no dispute are as follows: The plaintiffs are merchants dealing extensively in cotton, and as such have occasion to import large quantities of cotton into Bombay. A portion of this comes from stations on the Southern Maratha Railway, from which it is consigned by the plaintiffs to themselves in Bombay. Such consignments are conveyed over the S. M. Railway, and W. I. P. Railway, to Marmugao from which port they are conveyed to Bombay by the steamers of the Bombay Steam Navigation Company, generally known as Shepherd's Steamers. The contract of carriage is contained in the railway receipt which is given to the consignee at the booking station. That receipt contains the rates at which the goods are to be conveyed to Bombay, *i.e.*, 2 as. 4 p. for the S. M. Railway, 3 as. 3 p. for the W. I. P. Railway, and 2 as. for the B. S. N. Company. These are rates per maund. The steamers on arrival in Bombay harbour proceed into the Victoria or Prince's Dock and there discharge their cargo. The ship-owners actually take the goods out of the hold in the slings and place it on the quay, or as it is technically called "break bulk." From that point the Port Trust authorities assume charge of the goods. They, or rather their contractors, unhook the sling when the goods are on the wharf, remove the goods to the sheds or to the open space, where they store, sort, stack and ultimately deliver the goods to the proper consignees. They are at the same time responsible for the goods to the steamer or its agents. For these services rendered by them the Port Trustees levy certain charges known as wharfage charges an all goods imported into Bombay. In the case of cotton these charges are levied at the rate of 2 as. per full-pressed bale, 2 as. 6p. per docra not exceeding 3 cwt. The charges are recoverable in all cases whether all or any of the above services are rendered or not. It is in respect of these charges that the dispute in this case arises, and the question is who is liable to pay them. It should be mentioned that in the case of goods imported by the B. S. N. Company the Port Trustees have engaged Shepherd and Company as contractors for performing the abovementioned services. They do what the contractors would do in the case of other steamers. They also collect the total amount of the wharfage charges from the consignees and pay them over to the Port Trustees, a sum of 9 per cent. being deducted as payment to them for their services. I think that a very clear distinction must be drawn between Shepherd and Company as agents for the defendant company, and Shepherd and Company as agents for the Port Trustees. They, no doubt, collect the sums mentioned in the railway receipt, for which they account to the defendants, the W. I. P. Railway, and themselves respectively, but it is as agents or contractors of the Port Trustees that they perform the above services in respect of the goods and collect the wharfage charges. The defences raised at the hearing were as follows:—(1) That the major portion of the claim is barred by Sec. 77 of the Railway Act. (2) That the amounts alleged to have been paid were in fact never received by the defendant company, who are not liable to repay them. (3) The defendant company did not agree to carry for freights to be paid by the plaintiffs to include all charges up to actual delivery in Bombay as alleged in para. 2 of the plaint. (4) That the amounts were collected by Shepherd and Company on behalf of the Port Trustees and are leviable under Sec. 43 of the Port Trust Act (VI. of 1879. (5) That in the alternative the claim is for a refund of terminals and is barred by Secs 41 and 45 of the Railway Act. (6) That the plaintiffs' claim is barred by the clause on the railway receipt: "Goods booked to Foreign Stations," &c. (7) That if the charges are terminals the defendant company is entitled to charge them, and (8) A general denial of liabilities. With regard to the second defence, as expressed in an opinion at the hearing (an opinion to which I still adhere) that the suit as framed could not lie. It is an established fact that these charges are wharfage charges, levied under the Port Trust Act, and recovered by the Port Trustees or their agents from the consignees. Can the plaintiffs then claim a refund of such charges from the defendant company, who have not levied such charges or received a single pie in respect thereof? In my opinion, clearly not. Under these circumstances it is unnecessary for me to consider further the questions raised by the first and second defences. Mr. Bayley, however, in order to avoid the trouble and expense of a further suit, consented to Mr. Carnac's application that the plaint might be amended by inserting an alternative claim for damages for breach of contract, the amount of damages being commensurate with the charges which the plaintiffs allege that they have had to pay in excess of the rates stipulated in the contract. I therefore regard the plaint as so amended and proceed to consider the case in this light. The plaintiffs' case here is met by the 3rd and 6th defence above mentioned, and the only question is whether the rates mentioned in the contract were or were not to include all charges up to actual delivery in Bombay. On behalf of the plaintiff, it was argued that the words "To Bombay Station" showed that the rates mentioned must include all charges, and that in the case of goods conveyed to Bombay by sea "Station" must mean the "Godown at the dock." I do not think, however, that so much importance can be attached to the use of the word "Station." The form of receipt under which the goods were sent is used for all purposes, whether the conveyance be partly by sea or not. It clearly contemplates the possibility of carriage by sea to Bombay, in which case I think the word station becomes inapplicable. In the same way if conveyance were wholly by land, those portions of the railway receipt dealing with conveyance by sea would also cease to have any force. Then, again, it was contended that as the B. I. S. N. Co., who had the contract with the W. I. P. Railway for conveyance from Mormugao up to 30th November, 1890, used to pay these charges themselves. This was no doubt the case, but it was suggested, and I think it is most probable, that this was owing to the keen competition between the shipping lines at that time and was done by them in order to retain the contract. Moreover, up to 31st August, 1890, the B. I. S. N. Co.'s rates were much higher, *i.e.*, 3 as. 8 p. a maund which would amply cover these charges. This rate was reduced by them from 1st September, 1890, to 2 as., but they only worked the contract for three months under the reduced rate. There is nothing before me to show that the B. I. S. N. Co., were "bound" to pay these charges, and it was admitted by the plaintiffs' witnesses that in all cases of goods arriving under a bill of lading the consignees pay them. Mr. Carnac tendered a bill of lading of the B.I.S.N. Co to show that it was therein provided that the consignees should pay them, but I refused to admit a single bill of lading to show; that it was a case where admitted the rule was one of general application. The question then seems to be whether there is anything in the contract, *i.e.*, the railway receipt which precludes the carriers from insisting that the consignees should pay these charges. In my opinion, there is nothing. On the contrary the clause commencing "goods booked to Foreign Stations," clearly indicates that further charges may have to be levied to which the consignees will be liable and "wharfage charges," are distinctly specified. It is noticeable, too, that in the Book of Rates, published by the defendant company, at page 175, on which the plaintiff relies it is stated that in the case of goods booked to Bombay the proportion of freight due to the W. I. P. Railway includes wharfage, whereas the proportion due to the B. I. S. N. Company (or at the present time to the B. S. N. Company) does not. Under these circumstances, I must hold that there is nothing in the contract to show that the freights to be paid by the plaintiffs were to include all charges up to actual delivery in Bombay, and that there has, therefore, been no breach of contract on the part of the defendant company. It is unnecessary for me to consider the further question whether these charges can be regarded as terminals, and whether if so, this Court had no jurisdiction to entertain the claim or whether such terminals are rightly charged. The suit must be dismissed with costs, and I certify the defendant company's professional costs of Rs. 90.

UNDER date Johannesburg, June 28, Reuter's agency states :—"The Hon. A. J. Bethel was murderously assaulted late on the night of the 25th inst., without cause. His head was cut to the bone in several places with a battleaxe. There is no clue to the assailant."

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(Compiled for despatch by the Weekly Mail to Europe.)

PAGE. CONTENTS:—

1 DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.—HOMEWARD MAILS FROM BOMBAY.—OUTWARD MAILS FROM EUROPE.—LATEST TELEGRAMS.
2 HEADS OF INTELLIGENCE.—LATE NEWS.
3-4 THE WEEK.
5 The Troubles in Afghanistan—Cholera at Karachi—The Lucknow Sec.
6-7 MILITARY NEWS—Hyderabad News—BOMBAY AND PRESIDENCY—Floods in Rajputana.
7-8-9-10-11-12 The Currency Question.
13 The Royal Red Cross—"Our Overseas Men," by Rudyard Kipling—BENGAL.
14 LEADING ARTICLES: The India's Financial Crisis and the Remedy—The Dufferin Hospitals.
15 LEADING ARTICLE: How we Annexed the Zhob Country.
1 LEADING ARTICLES: The International Conference—The Two Widows and the Adopted Heir.
17 LEADING ARTICLES: The Bank of Bombay—The Russian Famine.
18 LEADING ARTICLES: The Anti-Opium Crusade—Temperance in the Indian Army.
19-20 SPORTING NEWS: Poona Sky Races—Cricket: Bombay Gymkhana vs. The Y. M. C. A—Bombay Rifle Club—Rugby Football—Cricket: Poona Gymkhana vs. Bombay Hindus.
21 Afghan and Frontier News—High Court—N.-W. PROVINCES, OUDH AND PUNJAB.
22 Mr. H. A. Hormarjee's Insolvency.
23 MADRAS—BURMA—The Paucity of Officers in India—MISCELLANEOUS.
23-24 ARMY ORDERS: General Orders by H. E. the Commander-in-Chief in India.—OFFICIAL GAZETTES: Government of India Orders.—Bombay Government Orders.
2 Shipping Intelligence—Bank Reports.
26-27 COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.—BOMBAY PRICE CURRENT.
28 ADVERTISEMENTS.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

BOMBAY MARKET REPORT.

THURSDAY EVENING, AUGUST 11.

BUSINESS has again been interrupted by a native holiday, and the holiday feeling which prevails to a great extent before and after these festivities. The general position of trade in this place has not, however, changed materially; but if anything the still rapid downward course of exchange militates against all confidence in the result of future operations, and restricts arrival business in Imports to quite an exceptional extent for this time of the year; while stocks are accumulating in the curtailment of ready demand. In Cotton very little is being done in either direction, and attention is now turned to the new crop, progress of which is generally satisfactory. For Wheat and Seeds there has been a much improved inquiry from shippers and prices have advanced in the former, and in Linseed, in firm markets. Rates of exchange are 5-16d. lower for Bank Demand and three months' sight Credits than they ruled on this day last week. Four per cent. Government Paper has declined 1⅛ per cent. Freights have become dull again with no demand for tonnage from shippers.

MONEY.—The Presidency Bank's statement issued on Tuesday afternoon for Monday (which was a holiday) disclosed hardly any change in the condition of the Cash Balance, which had diminished by ¼ lakh, making it stand at 254 lakhs. The further falling off in the trade demand for Money, however, was shown by the figures given in the Return to have been some 9½ lakhs, due to a decrease in Loans and Bills Discounted, say, of 14 lakhs in the former and 8 lakhs in the latter, some material withdrawals from Private Deposits having partially counterbalanced the falling off in the two items mentioned. There was a decrease of 3¾ lakhs in Government Securities; and some important Public Withdrawals from the Bank's Branches. No change has been made in the Bank's rates to-day, and the minimum remains at 3 per cent. per annum.

EXCHANGE re-opened on last Friday morning after the holiday with a weak feeling, at 1s. 2 29-32d. for Bank Telegraphic, 1s. 2 15-16d. for Demand, and 1s. 3 3-32d. for three months' sight Credits, and a fair enquiry springing up for Bank remittance, rates fell 1-32d., at which, however, no further transactions transpired. For Credits, no paper coming out at the above quotation, the rate also fell after a while 1-32d., and a few small lots were reported to have been placed, for near delivery, at 1s. 3 1-16d.. 1s. 3¼d. having been quoted for November-December. On Saturday the market opened weak with one or two sellers, quoting 1s. 2 ¾d. for Demand. This rate was soon reduced to 1s. 2 27-32d., at which price buyers held off. For three months' sight Credits 1s. 3d. was quoted for August delivery without any business passing. One transaction was reported for November-December, at 1s. 3d., but there had been very little doing, and the market closed quiet. In sympathy with the fall of silver in London, the market was weaker again on Tuesday. The best rates obtainable for Bank Paper for ready and near delivery were 1s. 2¼d. for Telegraphic Transfer, and 1s. 2 25-32d. for Demand. A fair amount of Telegraphic Transfer had been placed for September, at 1s. 2 25-32d. This rate was, at the close, quoted for October. For Credits 1s. 2 29-32d., and 1·57 for Francs, had been obtainable throughout the day for ready and August delivery, with, however, but little being offered. For next year Telegraphic Transfer was offered, at 1s. 2 13-16d., and three months' sight Credits was quoted, for some time, at 1s. 3d. On Wednesday the market opened with a slightly firmer feeling, at the closing quotations of the day before for Bank Paper and three months' sight Credits. Later in the day 1-32d. higher was obtained, and a moderate amount of business was done both in Bank Paper and three months' sight Credits.

To-day the market on the receipt of news of a further heavy fall in Silver in New York opened lower 1s. 2 21-3d. to 9-16d., for Bank Telegraphic and 1s. 2 11-16d. to 23-32d. for Demand for ready business, and 1-32d. higher for forward, at which there was an active enquiry, and a fairly large business was done for ready and forward Bank Remittance, at these quotations, causing the rate to recede 1-32d., to 1-16d. For Credits 1s. 2 27-32d. was quoted for three months' Sight Bills and later 13-16d.; but little was offering at any rate, or for any delivery; and until that vexed question of what must be done to steady exchange is decided, we see nothing in the immediate future to prevent a continued fall, and we close as follows:—

Bank Bills on demand		1s. 2 5-8d.
Do.	Telegraphic	1s. 2 19-32d.
Do.	3 months' sight	1s. 2 11-16d.
Do.	4 months' sight	1s. 2 23-32d.
Do.	6 months' sight	1s. 2 25-32d.
Credits	3 months' sight	1s. 2 13-16d.
Do.	6 months' sight	1s. 2 7-8d.
Documents	3 months' sight	1s. 2 27-32d.
Do.	6 months' sight	1s. 2 29-32d.
Francs	3 months' sight	1·56
Do.	6 months' sight	1·57¼

The weekly official return relating to Silver at the Mint gives the following figures:—

Statement of Silver Balance in the Bombay Mint on the evening of 3rd August, 1892	Rs. 2,01,87,000
Add—Silver received during the week	,, 424,000
	Rs. 2,09,11,000
Deduct—Now Coin paid during the week	,, 12,03,000
	Rs. 1,97,11,000
Bullion belonging to private individuals	,, 36,20,000
	Rs. 2,33,31,000
Last week	,, 2,31,15,000

GOVERNMENT PAPER re-opened weak on last mail-day, and early business was booked in Fours at 106 1-16, subsequently at 106, and then as low as 105 15-16, quotations in the afternoon having been, 106 3-16 for Money, and 105 15-16 for account; but an advance of 1-16 per cent. on these rates took place before the close, the cash price leaving off at 106½; and 4½ per Cents quoted at 105½. On the following day the cash rate for Fours was 106⅛; while that for August Account was quoted at 105⅝. This market was weak again on Tuesday. Four per cents were quoted at 105¼ for Money, and 105 9-16 for Account. Before closing, rates receded a little from these quotations, the cash price having left off at 105⅜, and Four and a-half per Cents at 105 nominal. During the greater part of the day, the market was steady on Wednesday, at 105 13-16 for Fours for Money, and 105 9-16 for the next Settlement at the end of this month; but the market weakened towards the close and ⅛ per cent. lower was quoted, the final Cash Rate having been at 105 11-16, with Four and a-half per cents at 104½, nominal. To-day prices for fours have fluctuated materially, having been quoted in the earlier part of the afternoon, at 105-9-16, and later on at 104-15-16; but the cash price closed 105 1-16; with Four and a-half per Cents at 104¼ nominal.

Five per cent Municipal Loan is unchanged at 116. Port Trust Bonds are ½ per cent. higher at 105.

SHARES.—Cotton Mill and Press Shares have continued to fluctuate greatly. There have been but a few changes in Bank Shares. On the whole prices have receded. Compared with our quotations of a week ago, we note the following advances:—Bank of Bombay, Rs. 2½; Munmar Manufacturing, Rs. 12½; Bombay Cotton Manufacturing, Rs. 5; Britannia Mills, Rs. 10; Framjee Petit Mill, and Presidency Mills Co., Ld., Rs. 20 each; Queen Mills, and Imperial Cotton Mill, Rs. 5 each; Hyderabad, Rs. 40; and Leopold, Rs. 4. On the other hand the Agra and National Banks have declined Rs. 12 and Rs. 5 respectively; Bombay Cotton, Rs. 5; New Berar, Rs. 15; New Indian, Rs. 2½; Lukhmidas, Manockjee Petit, Sholapore, and Empress, Rs. 20 each; Swadeshi Mill, Rs. 25; David Mill, Rs. 15; Coorla, Rs. 10; Colaba Land and Mill, and Mazagon, Rs. 2½ each; Jewraz Balloo, Rs. 5; Bombay and Burma Trading Corporation Rs. 150, and in the new issue, Rs. 35.

IMPORTS.

PIECE-GOODS.—Exchange having declined so materially during the past week should have led to a good deal of wholesale buying in *Staple Grey Goods*, but this has not been the case, demand at present being very poor. Although dealers are willing to make sales at current rates, Stocks are increasing. In *Bleached, Dyed, Printed*, and *Turkey Red Goods*, as also in *Local* made there is no change to report. Clearances of *Imported Goods* during the week are estimated at 2,500 packages; those of *Local made* 800 bales.

YARNS.—The Market for *Imported Twist* has been quiet with only a small business passing, but quotations show no change. The sales of *Bombay Spinnings* in China for the week ending on last Monday were 9,500, with prices and exchange same as before. China buyers here are offering freely, but Spinners are not disposed to sell without obtaining a further rise. Makers of some well-known Spinnings of No. 16s. have obtained a rise of 1-16 to ⅛ anna per lb. The sales for the week have aggregated 5,000 bales, and the market closed active. The following are the official quotations:—

Twist	No. 6s Mule, As.		4¼	to 4¼	per lb.
,,	,, 8s	,,	4⅜	,, 4⅜	,,
,,	,, 10s	,,	4½	,, 5¼	,,
,,	,, 12s	,,	4⅝	,, 5⅛	,,
,,	,, 16s	,,	5¼	,, 5⅝	,,
,,	,, 20s	,,	5⅝	,, 6⅛	,,
,,	,, 24s	,,	6¼	,, 6¼	,,
,,	,, 30s	,,	6⅝	,, 7	,,
,,	,, 40s	,,	8	,, 8¼	,,

The Shipments of *Cotton Piece Goods* to India and *Yarns* for the month of July give the following figures compared with those of the previous month, and of July last year. A comparative statement is also given below, showing the shipments to Bombay only for the first seven months of the present year, with those of a similar period in 1891.

Bombay—	July 1892.	June 1892.	July 1891.
Plain Cottons...yds.	27,000,000	23,650,000	28,950,000
Colored Cottons ,,	5,250,000	3,400,000	3,550,000
Printed Cottons ,,	10,650,000	6,450,000	7,900,000
Twist .....lbs.	1,800,000	1,000,000	1,200,000
Calcutta—			
Plain Cottons...yds.	86,700,000	65,800,000	83,700,000
Colored Cottons ,,	5,950,000	4,150,000	6,850,000
Printed Cottons ,,	5,650,000	3,550,000	4,500,000
Twist .....lbs.	750,000	700,000	1,100,000
Madras—			
Plain Cottons...yds.	6,250,000	3,950,000	6,200,000
Colored Cottons ,,	600,000	650,000	950,000
Printed Cottons ,,	900,000	500,000	1,700,000
Twist .....lbs.	750,000	350,000	1,050,000
Bombay only—Seven months 1892.		Seven months 1891.	
Plain Cottons...yds.	232,650,000	242,600,000	
Colored Cottons ,,	30,950,000	20,250,000	
Printed Cottons ,,	54,450,000	51,900,000	
Twist .....lbs.	7,350,000	8,600,000	

METALS.—A moderate business has been passing in *Copper*, which has advanced 8 annas per cwt. in a firm market. *Yellow Metal* has been taken to a small extent at an advance of 6 annas, this market also being firm in tone. *Iron* has been in moderate enquiry on the basis of previous quotations, at which the market is steady.

COAL.—Prices of this mineral have been advancing. Sales have been reported during the week of 5,000 tons of Cardiff on the Bunder, at Rs. 14-12 per ton; and 1,000 tons of Powell's Duffryn ex s. s. Brittania, July sailing, at Rs. 16-4 per ton; and 2,000 tons of the same description, September-October shipments, at Rs. 16-8 per ton. There are buyers for Davison's, at Rs. 15-8 per ton, but no sellers. Nearly half of the Bunder coal, which had been imported, by the firm lately failed, has been disposed of. The coal on the Bunder is estimated at 50,000 tons.

EXPORTS.

COTTON.—Local consumers have again taken this staple very sparingly; while, excepting on Saturday, when they came forward as buyers; exporters have been virtually out of the market again, and attention is more turned to the progress of the coming crop. The purchases by shippers have aggregated 1,950 bales, consisting of Bengals, Compta, and Oomra varieties; the mills having taken 3,250 bales, made up of Dhollera and Oomra kinds, and some Bengals and Compta. This evening the market closed steady with prices Re. 1 to Rs. 2 higher in Dhollera and Bengal sorts. A moderate business has been done.

The Telegraphic Weather and Crop Reports to hand on Monday advised a further fall of rain in the Bengal Circle, where the Cotton plants were generally flourishing; though at Agra fine weather was needed for weeding purposes. In the Oomrawuttee Districts also there had been a further fall, and the plants could scarcely look better at Barsee, and the sowing was at length making good progress at Dhulia. At Broach the weather continued seasonable, weeding was completed, and the cotton plants, as at Barsee, could scarcely look better. In the Dhollera Circle a break was needed at Veeramgaum, the plants were slightly damaged by too much rain at Dhollera itself. Cotton-sowing was making good progress at Hubli; as also at Bellary and Sholapore, more rain being much needed in the latter district.

The following are to-day's quotations for full-pressed Cotton with the equivalents in Sterling, Cost, and Freight to Liverpool, via Canal, without commission, viz:—

Cotton—	Per candy.	Per lb. C. & F.
Bengal Fine	Rs.	174—3d.
Do. Fully Good	,,	165—3 3-32d.
Do. Good	,,	155—2 29-32d.
Khandeish, Fully Good	,,	179—3 11-32d.
Do. Good	,,	174—3d.
Dhollera, Fine	,,	190—3 9-16d.
Do. Fully Good	,,	183—3 7-16d.
Do. Good	,,	175—3 9-32d.
Belatee, Fine	,,	181—3d.
Do. Fully Good	,,	174—3d.
Oomra, Fully Good	,,	183—3 7-16d.
Do. Good	,,	178—3 11-32d.
S. G. Dharwar, Good	,,	185—3 15-32d.
Westerns, Good	,,	176—3 9-32d.

The movements of Cotton to date show the following comparison with the previous two years:—

Receipts.	1892. Bales.	1891. Bales.	1890. Bales.
For the week	5,931	5,571	6,560
From 1st Jan. to 10th August	1,533,018	1,764,009	1,861,293
Clearances to Great Britain and Continent.			
For the week	425	1,621	2,860
From 1st Jan. to 10th August	839,618	963,515	1,351,930
Clearances to Calcutta, China, &c.			
For the week	1,293	4,636	2,140
From 1st Jan. to 10th August	133,302	103,953	55,583

WHEAT.—A firmer feeling prevailed in this market at the close of last week; but only a moderate export business transpired, and that on the basis of previous quotations, until the day before yesterday, when the tone became strong, and large transactions took place, prices advancing 1 to 2 annas per cwt. all round, to our quotations as follows:—

White Pessy, 91 per cent.	Rs.	5	4 0
Do. 85 ,,	,,	5	3 0
No. 1 Club Delhi	,,	5	0 0
Red Delhi	,,	4	11 0
Hard Yellow	,,	5	10 0
Red Ahmedabad	,,	4	15 0
Hard Red	,,	5	0 0

SEEDS also became firm in presence of a good enquiry at the close of last week, and *Linseed* advanced half-an-anna per cwt., and the feeling continuing firm thereafter with a large business passing, the rate for *Linseed* further moving up 2 annas per cwt., though the advance somewhat restricted business. The following are this evening's quotations:—

Linseed ready	Rs.	7-10-0 to Rs. 7-12-6 per cwt
Rapeseed, Yellow Gazerat	,,	7-4-0 ,,
,, ,, Cawnpore	,,	6-15-0 to Rs. 7-1-0 ,,
,, Red ,,	,,	6-3-0 to Rs. 6-5-0 ,,
Gingelly, White	,,	45-0-0 per candy.
,, Mixed	,,	42-0-0 to 44-0-0 ,,

The Comparative Imports of Wheat and Seeds are as follows:—

	1892. cwts.	1891. cwts.	1890. cwts.
Wheat for the week	139,537	58,744	78,465
do. from 1st Jan. to 10th August ...	8,205,594	10,747,764	4,533,782
Linseed for the week	15,756	25,618	5,929
do. from 1st Jan. to 10th August.....	3,362,773	4,168,919	1,973,510
Rapeseed for the week ...	13,774	23,659	234
do. from 1st Jan. to 10th August...	1,270,179	1,203,266	879,974
Gingellyseed for the week	275	3,042	713
do. from 1st Jan. to 10th August...	852,633	963,657	681,936

The Clearances of Wheat and Seeds to Great Britain and Continent are as follows:—

	1892. cwts.	1891. cwts.	1890. cwts.
Wheat for the Week.....	232,456	157,662	37,858
do. from 1st Jan. to 10th August...	7,720,338	9,711,912	3,593,014
Linseed for the week.....	101,696	105,972	6,991
do. from 1st Jan. to 10th August...	3,160,834	3,853,095	1,651,072
Rapeseed for the week ...	2,009	51,987	4,012
do. from 1st Jan. to 10th August...	923,294	1,121,730	633,058
Gingellyseed for the week.	2,259	396	...
do. from 1st Jan. to 10th August...	937,606	1,021,995	835,461

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

BEAUMONT—August 7, at 14, Garden Reach, Calcutta, the wife of E J Beaumont, Royal Indian Marine, of a son.
HOGGE—August 6, at Sunnyside, Dalhousie, the wife of Major J WHogge, 14th Sikhs, of a daughter.

DEATHS.

CLARKE—August 7, at rest, at Royapuram, Francis Elizabeth, the beloved wife of Edward Patrick Clarke, Madras Ry, aged 44 years and 6 months.
NOYES—August 9, at Royapuram, the Rev J T Noyes, of the American Madura Mission, aged 74 years.

The Bombay Gazette

FRIDAY, AUGUST 12, 1892.

YESTERDAY morning the British public learned for the first time that there is a spot, named Osh, on the map of Asia just north of the Alichur Pamir. To the governorship of this place, General Grambcheffski, who two years ago was known as Captain Grambcheffski, the indefatigable explorer, scarcely second in fame to the late Colonel Preschevalski, has been appointed. The *Times*, in commenting on the appointment, states that it must be regarded as an indication that the Russian Government "have serious intentions in that quarter," namely, the Alichur Pamir, against which Osh will be henceforth their base of operations. How much of this is inference and assumption, and how much is based on exact information, it is not for us to say. The town or townlet of Osh is one hundred miles due east of Khokand, forty miles south-east of Sharikan, in the province of Ferghana, and due north of the Twin Passes leading to the Alichur plateau. The object may be, as suggested by the *Times*, to make Osh a base of operations, but it is just possible that the object may be to have a post of observation near the base of the Shian Shan range, which, running north and south, separates the Chinese territory of Kashgar from the boundary of Russian territory on the east. It is in favour of this view that Captain Grambcheffski was for sixteen years Assistant Governor of Marghilan, a town a little to the south and east of Osh, and during that time he made himself familiar with the various dialects of Kashgar, and frequently visited the region in his passion for sport. He was indeed during those years a sort of Russian Sandeman, being engaged as a Special Frontier Commissioner in settling disputes between the natives of the Russian territory and the semi-civilised tribes beyond the frontier which it was his duty to delineate. General Grambcheffski, when Governor of Osh, will be farther north and farther east than when he was Assistant Governor of Marghilan, learning the dialects of the Kashgar country, to which he will now be a very close neighbour. It is not, therefore absolutely necessary to take it for granted that his undivided attention will be given to the bleak and broken plateau of the Alichur Pamir. Osh in Fergestan is marked on the autographic map, which accompanies Colonel Grambcheffski's account of the expedition undertaken by him in 1890, when he traversed five thousand miles of territory, three thousand miles of which had never before been investigated by Europeans. It was the last station on his return to Marghilan, and no particulars of the place are given in the translation of the narrative of the journey which appeared recently in the *Asiatic Quarterly Review*.

It may be worth noticing as confirmatory of the suggestion that the new arrangement may have been made with a view to Kashgar rather than with an eye to the Pamir, that in the only passage relating to Osh made in the narrative the Kashgar and the Kashgar mountains find a place:—"After having visited the eastern slopes of the Kashgar Mountain range, we, at the end of September, arrived at Kashgar, whence, having rested somewhat, and partaken of the hospitality of the Russian Consul, we proceeded to Osh in Fergestan along the right bank of the River Kizool-Soo in Fergestan, and through the upper branches of the Markan Soo"—whence it appears that Osh is on the easiest and shortest route between Khokand and Kashgar, and is the nearest town in Russian territory to Kashgaria. The funds for the expedition of 1890 were provided by the Russian Geographical Society and the Czarewitch. It was during his explorations on the Pamir in October and November, 1890, that Colonel Grambcheffski met Captain Younghusband who was proceeding to Hunza, and he thus mentions him in his narrative:—"Captain Younghusband was going from India to Kanshoot (Hunza). This young officer earned for himself a name by his bold journey on horseback from Pekin to Kashmir through the whole of China. He was accompanied by a small convoy of Bengal soldiers, pundits, and numerous servants. We met on the most friendly terms, and, as my expedition had bivouacked earlier than Captain Younghusband's, the Captain became thus my guest, and remained so for the space of three days. The expeditions together presented the interesting spectacle of an assembly comprising twenty different nationalities." No mention is made of the fact that Captain Younghusband was warned off, the Russians claiming supremacy on the Alichur and Little Pamir. Grambcheffski subsequently told Mr. Barnes Steveni, at St. Petersburg, that he and the rest of the Russian party looked like beggars and vagabonds, so dilapidated were they beside Captain Younghusband's well-appointed expedition, provided with every requirement, and indeed every luxury. Colonel Grambcheffski had no part in the incivility to Captain Younghusband, with whom he was on the best terms. Later on Grambcheffski, who wished to winter in Kashmir, was refused permission by Colonel Nisbet, the British Resident, acting under the instructions of the Government of India. Having in consequence to make a forced march in January across the Thibetan table-land to return to Russian territory he and his party had a narrow escape of being frozen to death, and were loud in their complaints of British inhospitality. Circumstances alter cases. The new Governor of Osh would not readily give permission to a British explorer coming from the south to winter in Fergestan.

While desirous of putting the most favourable interpretation on the installation of General Grambcheffski at Osh, it would be a mistake to close our eyes to the fact that the Russians have been thinking a good deal of the Pamirs during the last year or two. Mr. Barnes Steveni deems it folly to attribute the action of the Russian authorities in regard to Captain Younghusband and Lieutenant Davison to pique our refusal to allow Colonel Grambcheffski to winter in Kashmir. He considers the real object to be to prevent the success of the endeavours attributed to the Government of India to "lock together the frontiers of Afghanistan and China." The *Novosti* in an article on the subject stated that it was "when General Abramoff took a detachment across the Trans-Alaisk Mountains—the range on the north of the Pamirs—*with the object of passing through the Pamirs in the direction of Chitral* and in carrying his artillery (with a small detachment?) through the highest Passes, the English began to evince particular concern for Wakan, through which it is possible to enter the Chitral Valley by the Baragelsk Pass." The St. Petersburg paper went on to say that the matter being regarded by the Government of India as of some importance in connection with the defence of the frontier sent "an Agent, Younghusband, to establish an understanding between the Chinese, the owners of the Eastern Pamirs, and the Afghans whose frontier extends to this region." And the writer asserted that he had reason to believe that Russian action on the Pamirs is the logical reply to those English movements. From this point of view the installation of a distinguished and very active and ambitious officer, trained in the school of Skobeloff, on whose staff he served, and whose confidence he enjoyed, claims attention; though it affords no more reason for uneasiness, or alarm, than does the recent posting of some British officers to Gilgit. When the two great Asiatic Empires get accustomed to the unusual sensation of finding their respective frontiers almost within speaking distance, there will be less disposition on either side to start at the approach of young and ardent officers who combine sport with scientific enquiry and the making of maps, more or less correct. On this subject of map-making the editor of the *Asiatic Quarterly* has an amusing note *a propos* of the cautious refusal of the authorities of the India Office to part with the secret and confidential maps prepared by the Intelligence Department. In Grambcheffski's autographic map Hunza is placed on the wrong side of the river, and Nagyr, which is on the opposite bank, is not mentioned at all. In the new map issued by the Russian Geographical Society these errors are corrected, evidently from the English official and secret maps. It is a matter of amusement that the English Topographical Department mark as "secret" maps of regions of which Russia has already mapped on a larger scale. The editor of the *Review*, who has himself been an explorer of part of the region traversed by Grambcheffski refused to believe that the latter was merely on a scientific mission, and ascribes the turn things have taken on the Pamirs to his presence there two years ago.

EACH successive year a comparison is instituted by the local Goverment between the police forces employed in the various railways in the Presidency. It might be supposed that this would lead to a healthy rivalry between respective superintendents in the production of favourable statistics. But we cannot say that any such spirit is engendered and the oft-repeated assertion—that one superintendent's criminal returns redound to that officer's credit more than his colleague's returns do—is perhaps, a little unjust. The return of each railway force should be taken on its own merits, and the fluctuations in crime and convictions compared with the results of previous years. But to condemn a man in the Deccan because his records are not so clean as those of a man in Guzerat is not quite suggestive of fair-play. A resolution which was published on Tuesday evening shows that crime increased very largely on the Great Indian Peninsular Railway, slightly on the Bombay Baroda and Central India Railway while it remained practically stationary on the Southern Maratha. As to the Rajputana-Malwa line, no comparison is possible since this is the first year in which a report has been submitted. On the G. I. P. Railway the number of cognizable offences reported was 382 as against 259 the previous year, and the convictions 121 as against 126; one in three as against one in two roughly speaking. The B. B. and C. I. Railway Police and the Southern Maratha force maintain about the same average of one in two. Taking cognizable and non-cognizable offences together, the percentages of convictions fell on the Great Indian Peninsular Railway from 50 to 36·7; rose on the B. B. and C. I. from 64 to 69; and on the Southern Maratha from 70 to 71. The percentage on the Rajputana-Malwa was 39, a figure which compares unfavourably with the results attained on any other railway except the G. I. P. The approbation of the Governor-in Council is, therefore, extended to the Superintendents of the B. B. and C. I. and Southern Maratha Railway forces. The Superintendent of the Rajputana-Malwa line escapes either praise or blame, and as for the Superintendent of the Great Indian Peninsular police he is something like a municipal corporation or a limited liability company having neither a body to kick nor a soul to save, since his name is legion. The frequent changes of superintendents may, the Government thinks, be accountable for the "lamentable falling off" in the figures, and hopes for better results in the future. Mr. Goldsmid, who is now superintendent, may be able, on return from leave, to accomplish that which Government wishes. The practice of sending policemen in plain clothes along the line with a view to checking offences committed by professional thieves in trains is to be continued, unless it can be shown that their services can be more usefully utilised elsewhere. The Governor-in-Council, concluding the review of a year's work, takes the opportunity of reading the superintendents a short lecture on the necessity for personal supervision over their men, and the judicious punishment of offending constables, for he finds that with less favourable results to show, the number of punishments on the G. I. P. Railway police decreased, while with improved results the punishments inflicted by the Superintendents of the B. B. and C. I. and Southern Maratha Railway police were considerably heavier than in 1890. Then as regards supervision: the superintendents of the two other lines visited the various posts in their charge more than once; the Superintendent of the G. I. P. Railway Police did not visit all his posts even once. In comparing the working of the various forces the character of the people living along the lines and the class of men employed in the police should be taken into account; but the necessity for this appears to have been lost sight of.

THE death of General Sir Charles Thomas Van Straubenzee, G.C.B., removes from the Army List the head of an old military family, well-known in this country as well as at home. The son of a retired major of Artillery, Sir Charles entered the Army in 1828, joining the 39th Foot with which he sailed for India, and fought during the operations preceding the occupation of Coorg. He served also at Maharajpore, Gwalior, and as a reward for valours at the age of thirty years, he received a bronze medal and a brevet lieutenant-colonelcy. Twelve years later he was in command of the British contingent in Greece, whence he proceeded with the Buffs, of which he was then Colonel, to the Crimea. He commanded a separate brigade during the first assault on the Redan, and the 1st Brigade Light Division during the second assault, at which he was slightly wounded. From the Crimea he was sent in charge of a brigade to China, and shortly succeeded to the command of the forces there. He personally led the land attacks which led to the capture of Canton, and commanded all subsequent operations there. On his return from China he was nominated a Knight Commander of the Bath, and was for some years stationed in India, between 1860 and 1865 commanding a division of Bombay. He became a Major-General thirty-three years ago, and was appointed honorary Colonel of the 47th Regiment, but the honorary Colonelcy of his old corps, now the Dorsetshire Regiment, becoming vacant, he was appointed to it a year afterwards. In addition to the British decorations Sir Charles had the Turkish and Sardinian medals, the Legion of Honour, and Medjidie. He married in 1841, a daughter of the late Lieutenant-General J. L. Richardson of the East India Company's service. General Van Straubenzee served as Governor of Malta for six years, and was promoted to the rank of General almost twenty years ago. There were very few officers his senior on the Retired List, and only two in the Order of the Bath, for although his G. C. B. was only accorded him in 1875, Sir Charles had received the knighthood of the Order shortly after his return from China.

IT may be as well to state for general information that the word Pamir has diverse significations. According to one version all the plateau on which the Khirgize pasture their flocks in summer are called Pamirs. The Khirgize account is that two brothers, one named Alichur and one Pamir, roamed about the uplands, and bequeathed their names to the country over which they pastured their flocks. It is also said that Pamir is really Bam-i-dunyah, the Roof of the World. The table-land is fourteen thousand feet high, and mountain chains from nineteen thousand to twenty-five thousand feet high divide one Pamir from the other. The Trans-Alaisk range form the northern, and the Hindu Khush the southern boundary. As we have said above the Twin Passes lead across the Trans-Alaisk range from Russian territory to the Alichur Pamir, which the Chinese have hitherto claimed, and which is now claimed and apparently occupied by Russia.

A GOVERNMENT resolution was issued last evening on the administration report of the Local Boards in the Presidency. From this it appears that there was no extension of the elective system during the year under review, and in three complete districts, and in parts of two other districts, all the members of the Local Boards are nominated by Government. In twelve districts the average attendance of members at meetings exceeded 50 per cent., and in Ahmedabad, Surat

TELEGRAMS.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

SIR CHARLES DILKE'S MOTION ON EGYPT.

LONDON, Aug. 11.

In the House of Commons, last night, Sir Charles Dilke gave notice that he would, next Session, bring forward a motion to call attention to the declarations made by successive Administrations regarding Egypt, and to move an address to Her Majesty the Queen, praying for the resumption of the negotiations carried on in 1887 for the neutralization of Egypt under conditions enabling Her Majesty's Government to secure the permanence thereof.

YESTERDAY'S BUSINESS IN THE HOUSE OF COMMONS.

LONDON, Aug. 11.

There was no debate on the address in the Commons yesterday, the House being engaged in swearing in members.

The debate will be resumed to-day.

THE EXPECTED DIVISION.

After the division on Mr. Asquith's amendment the House will adjourn until Monday, when it is expected the Ministers will announce their resignation.

The House will then adjourn till Thursday and will probably be prorogued on the 22nd inst.

HEAVY FIGHTING IN MOROCCO.

TANGIER, Aug. 10.

A day's heavy fighting has taken place in the neighbourhood of Tangier between the Angherites and the Moorish troops in which the latter were again repulsed.

Several villages have been burnt by the insurgents, and the loss on the Moorish side is heavy.

FIGHTING IN DAHOMEY.

PARIS, Aug. 10.

Advices from the West Coast of Africa state that the French fleet is bombarding the coast of Dahomey.

A small column of French troops have had a sharp encounter at Kotonou with four thousand natives who were armed with Winchester rifles. Two French were killed and ten wounded.

COUNTY CRICKET.

LONDON, Aug. 11.

In the cricket match between Notts and Middlesex, the latter were beaten by eight wickets.

THE AMERICAN COTTON CROP.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 10.

The Agricultural Bureau's monthly report states that the average condition of the cotton crop in the eleven cotton States is 82 5-16 per cent., showing a falling off of 4 19-32 per cent. as compared with last month and 6 19-32 per cent. as compared with last year.

SILVER PURCHASES.

The U. S. Treasury to-day purchased 500,000 ounces of silver at 84·23 to 84·35.

OBITUARY.

LONDON, Aug. 11.

The death is announced of General Chas. T. Van Straubenzee, G.C.B.

MR. JUSTICE MAHMOOD.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, Aug. 11.

The *contre-temps* between the Chief Justice and Justice Mahmood is assuming an amusing phase. The latter has absented himself from Court since its re-opening after the Mohurrum on the plea that the Civil Surgeon forbids his using a sore foot. The Chief Justice to-day met the doctor's objection by offering to erect a bench on the ground floor of the Court-house with a view to meeting the interests of the clients and parties concerned in the cases in arrears on Mr. Justice Mahmood's file.

The *Morning Post* on the situation remarks :—"When Mr. Justice Mahmood once raises his foot even for rest under the doctor's orders, he is as loath to remove it from that posture, as if he had put his foot down to vindicate the position and absolute independence of one of her Majesty's Judges." Further amusing developments are awaited in this case, which is causing interest in social circles here.

TRIBAL FEUDS IN AFGHANISTAN.

Further trouble has occurred in Afghanistan. The Firmahdis, a section of the Char Aimaks, are reported to have sent raiding parties into the Sar-i-Pul district, east of Maimana. The Firuzkois hold the country east of Kala Nao, between the great mountain ranges of Band-i-Turkistan and Safed Koh, wherein lie the sources of the Murghab River. The rising is directly due to the recent revolt among the Uzbegs about Maimana. The Governor of the latter district is unable to deal with the Firuzkois owing to the danger which threatens him nearer home. The levies which revolted were unsuccessful in their attack on Maimana, but they are not yet dispersed. The town of Sar-i-Pul is half-way between Mainmana and Balk. After the Kala Nao affair it is reasonable to conclude that the Uzbeg and Firuzkois risings are directly due to intrigues set on foot from beyond the Russo-Afghan border. As matters go it would not come as a surprise to hear of active rebellion breaking out in the immediate neighbourhood of Herat itself.

RETURN OF COLONEL HOLDITCH TO SIMLA.

Colonel Holditch, in charge of the Beluchistan Survey Party, has returned to Simla from Quetta.

THE HEALTH OF CAPTAIN AYLMER.

The health of Captain Aylmer, V.C., has completely broken down. He is suffering from a severe inflammation of the eyes. He will be invalidedf rom Gilgit on arrival of Lieutenant Joly DeLotbiniere.

THE ULWAR MURDER CASE.

The trial of Major Ramchand and six other persons, arrested on suspicion of causing the death of Kunj Behari Lall, late Member of the Ulwar Council of State, will commence at Ulwar, on the 20th instant, before Mr. H. F. Evans, Judge of Shahjehanpur, and Major Thornton, officiating Resident, Jeypore.

THE HURDWAR INQUIRY.

The inquiry into the alleged grievance of the Hurdwar pilgrims will be conducted in the first instance by the agency of native officials, whose report will be taken by the Magistrate and passed on by him to the Commissioner for transmission to the local Government. One of the demands made was that counsel should be allowed to appear, but, as the inquiry concerns a purely executive matter, this was refused.

THE INSTALLATION OF THE HUNZA CHIEF.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, Aug. 11.

Mr. Macartney, the representative of the Government of India at Kashgar and an envoy, deputed by the Chinese Government to be present at the installation of the Hunza Chief, have arrived at Gilgit.

THE AFGHANS AND THE HAZARAS.

Reports received from Quetta would seem to show that the balance of success in the desultory fighting between the Afghans and the Hazaras is in favour of the latter. The reports are not wholly reliable.

DEATH OF A BENGALEE ÆRONAUT.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Aug. 11.

Ram Chunder Chatterjee, the Bengalee æronaut, died here from pneumonia, on Tuesday night.

AGRICULTURAL EXHIBITION AT TREVANDRUM.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, Aug. 11.

A successful Agricultural Exhibition was opened at Trivandrum yesterday, by the Maharajah, who, in course of a speech, alluded to the great advantage obtained by the ryots visiting such exhibitions and seeing other produce than their own. His Highness next alluded to the new industries, which had sprung up in Travancore in the last few years. The cultivation of tea, which had only just commenced when the last Exhibition was held in 1884, might now be said to have been thoroughly established. The cultivation of coffee has promised to be most successful. The mining for plumbago had been accomplished with success. The magnificent pieces of plumbago on view—one weighing nearly a ton—amply testified to this.

CRICKET : POONA GYMKHANA *VS.* THE BOMBAY HINDUS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, Aug. 11.

The cricket match between the Poona Gymkhana and the Bombay Hindus was resumed again to-day. Motiwalla, who was not out on the previous day, made 21, Mr. Kale 14, and Kerkar, not out, one. They closed the first innings for 57 runs. The visitors went in for the second innings ; and double figures were made only by Bhandare and Jeykar, who contributed each 13 and 10, respectively. The Hindus closed their second innings by 53 runs, thus the Poona Gymkhana won by 152 runs. The bowling of Mr. Anderson was good, he took seven wickets for 39 runs in the first innings, and six for 29 runs in the second.

DEATH OF LIEUTENANT D. BLACK.

Lieutenant D. Black, Lancashire Fusiliers, died this morning, at the Station Hospital, at Wanowrie, from enteric fever. The deceased who was a very promising young officer, aged 23 only, came to India, about three months ago. The funeral will take place to-morrow.

THE GOVERNMENT HOUSE DANCE.

The dance at Government House, which was to take place to-night, has been postponed.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

Captain Davies, Wing Officer, 24th Bombay Infantry, has been seconded in his regiment.

Lieutenant Jefferies, Bombay Volunteer Rifles, is granted six months' leave, in India.

Captain Geoghegan, District Staff Officer, Poona, has been granted three months' privilege leave, to England.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

LIVERPOOL, Aug. 10.

The City Line steamer City of Dublin left here for Bombay this evening.

The Italian steamer Bisagno left Hongkong for Bombay, on the 11th instant.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, Aug. 10.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed steady. Surats dull.

Good Dhollera	3⅜
The Manchester Market has been quiet.	
Exchange on India, 30 days' sight	1-2 9-16
2¾ per cent. Consols	97
3 per cent. Rentes	99¼
3½ per cent. Sterling Loan	107
4 per cent. Rupee Paper	64 11-16
Bar Silver	38⅛

CRICKET.

MILITARY MEDICAL VS. ARMY AND NAVY C. C.

A MATCH was played on the Cooperage between the above-mentioned clubs, on Monday last, and resulted in a win for the Medical. The following are the scores :—

ARMY AND NAVY C. C.		MILITARY MEDICAL C. C.	
Prescott, b Parrott	9	Kelly, c Herbert, b Prescott	19
Stevenson, b Parrott	0	Twells, b Herbert	3
Richardson, c Moon, b Parrott	0	Kirkpatrick, b Prescott	0
Herbert, run out	30	Smith, b Richardson	21
Warmsley, c Kelly, b Parrott	0	Parrott, b Prescott	24
Malverley, b Simpson	0	Simpson, c Herbert, b Prescott	0
Smyth, b Parrott	1	Maine, b Herbert	9
Bedford, b Parrott	2	Roberts, not out	4
Fernandez, b Simpson	3	Lambert, not out	11
Almeida, b Parrott	6	Moon did not to bat	
Pereira, not out	7	Hussey	
Extras	5	Extras	6
Total	63	Total	97

THE BARODA VICTOR VS. HINDUS.

A CRICKET match was played at Baroda, on Saturday last, between the above-mentioned clubs ; and resulted in a win for the former by an innings and 41 runs. For the Victors Mr. F. DeSouza had top score with a well-played 17. The Hindus made a poor show in their batting, scoring only 18 in the first innings and 13 in the second. None of them reached double figures. The fielding of both teams was good :—

BARODA VICTOR CRICKET CLUB.

F DeSouza, c and b Kale	17
R DeSouza, c Shingarpure, b Kale	5
M H Dave, run out	14
D D Ghati, c Rangneker, b Jamdar	2
V A Desai, not out	13
M M Hakim, c and b Jamdar	0
G K Mir, b Jamdar	1
M J Desai, b Kulkarni	7
N H Mehta, b Kulkarni	1
M K Sheikh, c Jogleker, b Jamdar	1
H M Mehta, c Diveker, b Kulkarni	2
Extras	9
Total	72

HINDUS.

1st Innings.		2nd Innings.	
Shingarpure, b F DeSouza	5	b F DeSouza	2
Jamdar, b M H Dave	0	b M H Dave	1
P Dashputre, c Ghati, b DeSouza	2	b DeSouza	1
S Dashputre, c R DeSouza, b Dave	0	run out	2
Rangneker, b Dave	4	c Mehta, b Dave	0
Kulkarni, b DeSouza	0	b Dave	0
Raiker, b Dave	0	b Dave	0
Diveker, b Dave	4	b Dave	0
Kale, c R DeSouza, b Dave	0	b Dave	0
Pandit, not out	0	b Dave	0
Jogleker, c Sheikh, b Dave	1	not out	0
Extras	2	Extras	3
Total	18	Total	13

NEWS OF THE DAY

His Excellency the Viceroy's cold-weather tour still remains unsettled. If the Jellalabad Mission does not start till October, Lord Lansdowne is not likely to leave Simla till the end of that month or early in November, and the members of the Viceroy's Legislative Council will, of course, remain in the hills with his Excellency.

There were two candidates for the vacancy in the Municipal Corporation, caused by the death of Mr. J. R. Duxbury, whose nominations were sent in to the Municipal Commissioner up till 5 p. m. yesterday. They were Mr. Mulraj Khatao Makanjee, proposed by Mr. Varjivandas Madhavdas and Mr. Jivandas Moolji, and seconded by Mr. Vagjee Korji Thakar and Mr. Sunderdas Dharamsey ; and Mr. Nowrojee Jehangir Gamadia, proposed by Mr. Sorabji Shapurji Bengalee, C. I. E., and seconded by Mr. J. N. Tata. As this is a contested election, the Commissioner has fixed the 18th instant for a poll.

Lady Lansdowne, accompanied by Lord William Beresford, leaves Brindisi on the 14th instant, and is expected to arrive at Simla by the 1st of September.

Colonel Christie, who is now inspecting the Office of Examiner of Military Works Accounts at Simla, will shortly proceed to Ghadechi, to inspect the accounts of the Bhavnagar-Gondal Railway.

During the past year the heaviest mortality from snake-bites occurred in the districts of Chingleput, North Arcot, South Arcot, Tanjore and Salem. Tanjore heading the list with 215 deaths.

Bahadur Ali, Commandant, Patiala Imperial Service Infantry, is permitted to retire, and the Infantry is now to be divided into two corps, 600 strong.

There have been several land-slips in North Travancore recently. One well-known planter assures a Madras contemporary that during a particularly wet night one of his finest fields of tea slid a few thousand feet down the side of the hill. As he lugubriously remarks, it is very hard lines, as the quality of the leaf is sure to suffer from this change of elevation.

Bob Vinall, the "champion jockey of India," has arrived in England on a short visit, after riding *en route* for Count Schibler in Italy, for whom he rodé three winners. Originally apprenticed to Joe Saxon at Lambourne, Vinall rode over seventy winners before leaving England for India. Vinall, whose weight in condition is 8 st. 4 lb., is forty years of age.

The Madras Government permits the retaining of Counsel on behalf of an undefended prisoner in murder cases. Some Sessions Judges regard this as a good thing that must go round the local Bar, and nominate for the defence learning-boys and pleaders who seldom hold any brief in Court. This, remarks the *Indian Jurist*, is utterly wrong "The object of this concession is that the prisoner shall have professional assistance, and he ought to have the best professional assistance, that can be obtained for the money. A man's life is not a subject for experimental essays of the skill of untried pleaders. The judge ought to nominate for defence the best pleaders that can be induced to accept the work for the fee that is given."

Mr. Henderson, Superintending Inspector of Factories and Workshops, gives a melancholy account of the condition and prospects of the Lancashire cotton industries. It is estimated that more money has been lost in Lancashire in these trades during the past twelve months than in any year yet recorded. In Oldham alone it is believed that the losses on a quarter's working will not be less than £100,000. The explanation is found in the fluctuation which have taken place in the value of the raw material. In 1890 the American cotton crop was poor in quality but exceptionally abundant. The result was a serious drop in prices, and spinners who had been accustomed for several years in succession to do well by buying cotton early in the season have during the past year been caught, and have had to face a falling market for the raw material and a stagnant market for the manufactured article.

We are glad to hear from a home correspondent that Lord Hawke is rapidly completing the arrangements in connection with the team of English cricketers that will visit India this cold weather. Messrs. G. F. Vernon, J. G. Walker, and J. H. J. Hornsby, who it will be remembered, came out in the 1889-90 eleven have again accepted ; and the new blood includes Mr. H. T. Hewett, who has done so much for cricket in Somerset, and Mr. A. J. L. of the Cambridge University eleven.

From the 30th July to the 5th instant, 3 Europeans, 8 East Indians, 24 Native Christians, 467 Hindus, and 59 Mahomedans died within Municipal limits in Madras, making a total of 561 persons. The average of the corresponding week for the ten previous years was 319. The deaths, are thus classified :—28 from cholera, 1 from small-pox, 9 from measles, 180 from fevers, 73 from dysentery, 43 from diarrhœa, and 27 from other diseases. The death-rate in the week under notice was 64·6 per 1,000 per annum. The mean of the ten previous years was 36·6 per 1,000 per annum.

Mr. Keir-Hardie, whose eccentricity of dress and behaviour in the House of Commons formed the subject of a Reuter's telegram recently, appears to be unpopular with all parties, as we find the following about him in *Truth* :—"Mr. Keir-Hardie got into Parliament owing to the Radicals of South-West Ham having voted for him, and these Radicals, in contradistinction to Socialists, constitute the vast majority of his supporters. His action since he has been elected has been peculiar. He did his best to upset Mr. Howell (a real Labour candidate) in a neighbouring constituency, and since then he has betaken himself to Newcastle to urge the working men there to oppose Mr. Morley in the event of his coming again forward for election there by voting for the Tory, if there is no Socialist candidate. I gather from his utterances that Mr. Keir-Hardie is a Socialist. But this hardly makes him a Labour representative, for the vast majority of the labouring classes are very much the reverse of Socialists. As South-West Ham is a sound Radical constituency, it stikes me that the Radicals there ought to explain to their member, that they by no means approve of his action in regard to Mr. Morley."

Miss Janet Achurch, who came to India last cold weather with the Ibsen plays, has been dangerously ill at home. By latest advices she had sufficiently recovered to go to a seaside resort.

In 1887 the Government of the N.-W. P., through Mr., now Sir, Edward Buck, then Director of Agriculture and Commerce in those Provinces, leased to a Cawnpore firm, for the experimental cultivation of tobacco, a portion of the old stud lands at Ghazipur, and a professional tobacco-curer was brought out by the Agricultural Department. Whether or not it be that the experiment has proved less successful than was hoped at the time, writes the *Pioneer*, the lessees have relinquished the farm lands, which have now been leased for ordinary cultivation. When will the Agricultural Department, *qua* Agricultural, be something more than instructive in failure ?

All Arrakan telegraph lines on the direct route to Burma have suffered from interruption. Telegrams for Arrakan and Burma will probably be delayed till communication is restored. Urgent and Ordinary telegrams are being sent *via* Assam and Mandalay to Burma.

The Governor of Pennsylvania has ordered an entire division of the National Guard of the State, numbering about 8,000 men, to proceed to Homestead in support of the vigorous measures taken by the Sheriff for the suppression of the riot at the Carnegie iron and steel works. This decision was come to on a receipt of a message intimating that the Sheriff was unable to secure a sufficient force for the maintenance of order. Further reinforcements of troops are now *en route* to Homestead, and it is calculated that before dawn to-morrow over 6,000 men will be massed in the vicinity. The strikers have decided to welcome the militia with bands of music. There is little doubt but that the hostilities are now practically at an end.

The total number of deaths registered in Bombay during the week ending August 9 was 516, giving a death-rate of 30·87 per annum per thousand as against 29·48 the corresponding period of last year, and 29·75 the average over the past five years. Of the total number 145 died from fevers ; 72, phthisis ; 4, measles ; 3, cholera ; 1, leprosy ; 41, diseases of the nervous system ; 65, affections of the respiratory organs ; 32, diarrhœa ; 28, dysentery ; 28, still-born ; 41, old age and debility ; 13, accidents and violence. The classified list of deaths shows :—Buddhist or Jain, 14 ; Brahmin, 17 ; Bhattia, 6 ; Hindu of other caste, 241 ; Hindu outcaste, 37 ; Musalman, 129 ; Parsee, 34 ; Jew, 1 ; Native Christian, 24 ; Eurasian, 4 ; European, 7 ; Negro-African, 1 ; other and unknown races, 1. The total number of births was 267 as against 334 the corresponding period of last year, and 324 the average over the past five years.

According to the Administration Report of the Madras Harbour, it is estimated that the total expenditure in connection with the works which have been in progress during the past sixteen years will amount to about Rs. 1,24,00,000. The returns for the past year show, meanwhile, a distinct falling off ; the dues collected on exports amounting to Rs. 81,000 as against Rs. 92,000 in 1890-91, and Rs. 101,000 in 1889-90. This falling off is due to several causes, but principally to want of rain which has reduced the amount of produce available for export. Owing to the largely increased quantities of coal landed for the gold mines in Mysore, the dues on imports were Rs. 2,85,000 last year, as compared with Rs. 2,41,000 in 1890-91, and this despite a reduction in the importation of railway material.

The total number of labourers employed in the Madras Presidency on Famine Relief Works during the week ending 9th July, 1892, amounted to 66,197 against 77,668 in the previous week, the decrease being 11,471 or 14·7 per cent. Of the number on relief works 19,427 were men, 7,416 nursing mothers, 27,608 women, and 11,746 children. The amount expended on Famine Relief operations was Rs. 41,163-15-11, and the total outlay since the commencement of distress was Rs. 863,911-15-0. 453 works were stopped during the week, and only 196 works at an estimated cost of Rs. 11,95,380 were in progress. According to districts the total number employed in Nellore were 21,701, against 27,431 in the previous week ; 19,801 in Kurnool, against 19,809 ; 12,202 in Bellary, against 14,372 ; 171 in Anantapur against 393 ; 6,678 in Cuddapah, against 7,713 ; 939 in North Arcot, against 946 ; 4,233 in Salem, against 6,368 ; and 472 in Coimbatore, against 636 in the previous week, 1,105 were receiving gratuitous relief during the week, *viz.*, 140 men, 185 women and 780 children, and the cost of relief was Rs. 439,103. The total amount spent on gratuitous relief from the commencement of the distress was Rs. 13,783-4-7. There were only 19 kitchens open, *viz.*, 4 in Nellore, 7 in Kurnool, 3 in Bellary, 1 in Anantapur, 2 in Cuddapah, 1 in North Arcot and 1 in the Salem district.

The German iron industry is regarded by the British Consul at Frankfort as probably one of the most perfect examples of protective fallacies in operation. At home it attempts by means of rings to keep prices high, and the profits made in this way it loses in its foreign trade by offering there its product under cost prices. In the last two years in rail tenders offered by German State railways, very startling cases of excessive charge on the part of German works have occurred, which have aroused not only discontent in public opinion, but also that of the Government. As a characteristic instance, the famous firm of Krupp, in Essen, in 1890, asked from the German railway administration £7 5s. per ton for rails "free Bochum," at the very time when it was supplying Roumania with the same rails "duty free and carriage paid to Galatz" for £5 11s. 6d. In order to meet this system, the administration of German railways, when tenders are made, have, it is stated, repeatedly favoured the cheaper offers of foreigners, especially English and Belgian works, and passed over some of the more important German works.

Details have just reached San Francisco of an extraordinary crime in the South Seas. Ten months ago the schooner Undine, belonging to Crawford and Co., sailed for the South Sea Islands under the command of Captain Castelly, and with a crew of eight men. The schooner went into Honolulu, where a man came on board who claimed to be the brother of the mate, and was identified by the latter to that effect. He shipped as one of the crew, and shortly after the vessel left Honolulu he and the mate conspired to get possession of the vessel, and began by a quarrel in which they shot and killed the captain and the supercargo. They then, according to the history of the steward, who later caused their arrest, poisoned the crew by putting strychnine in their grog. The steward escaped by first refusing the liquor, and then by pretending to join them, and the three men navigated the vessel to one of the adjacent islands, where a crew of natives was shipped. The schooner was then taken to Ascension Island, where the steward lodged a complaint with the authorities, and the two murderers were arrested and sent to Manilla for trial.

John Alexander Wilson, thirty-five, recently cashier for Messrs. Reynold and Gibson, cotton merchants, Liverpool, and Isaac Lunt, twenty-nine, salesman to the same firm, were, on July 15, charged at Liverpool with embezzling the money of their employers—Wilson two sums of £20,000 each, one of £5,000, and one of £6,000, and Lunt with assisting in Wilson's embezzlements, and also with forging a delivery order for 2,000 bales of cotton and with embezzling £1,730. Mr. James E. Reynolds, a partner, said Lunt received £240 a year and £50 at Christmas, and Wilson £200 a year and £25 at Christmas. The statement made by Wilson to Mr. James Reynolds in Walton Gaol was read. In the course of it he said that he understood Lunt was acting in the first instance in Mr. Reynolds' interest in the cotton speculations Afterwards he discovered the dealings with Verdon. After that Lunt admitted that it was not his employers' account, but his own, but he (Wilson) went on as he was led. That was where he should have stopped. With regard to the four cheques—for £20,000, June 22 ; £20,000, June 23 ; £20,000, June 27 ; and £20,000, June 29, Wilson confessed that he drew these cheques out and must have known about them. Lunt never drew the cheques. He (Wilson) did not really remember about them. The prisoners were committed for trial.

M. Georges Besanzon, director of the High School of Aerial Navigation, and his companions, MM. Porlier and Demeyere, the missing French æronauts, were landed at Camaret-sur-Mer, Finisterre, at half-past two on Saturday afternoon, 16th ult., by the French sloop Reine des Anges, Captain Le Ploar, bound for Rochelle. They ascended from Havre on the previous Monday evening—in the balloon Jupiter, which was found the next day at Keevil, near Devizes. They were picked up in the Channel at five o'clock on Tuesday morning by the German three-masted ship Germania. The balloon, which was then floating on the water, was abandoned. At noon on the same day the Germania transferred the three æronauts to the Reine des Anges, which brought them to Finisterre.

The *National Observer* thus winds up a character sketch of Colonel Olcott :—"Mme. Blavatsky is dead and cremated : her reputation as a credible person having pre-deceased her by several years. The Coulomb Scandal, which burst the Mahatma bubble in India, and reduced Colonel Olcott to the dimensions of a dupe-extraordinary, was but the last of a long sequence of dubious episodes, and those seven years of Thibet, where she sat at the feet of ancient Kirbis, turned out to be seven years of lean, unreputable widowhood in deboshed parts of Europe. But, so long as Blavatsky lived, Olcott had at least a fount of inspiration ; now that she is dead, he has retired. He has never a Mentor left to feed his mind with ideas ; but the man who helped to run the Mahatma show, though, his was a strictly subordinate capacity, is still good enough to be a 'big draw' out West. Has he not bearded bishops and got at governors ? Has he not, in all innocence, held the candle while his prophetess ravaged Rajas and circumvented Heaven-born civilians ? Has he not wandered in missionary journeys many thousands of miles farther than ever the Apostle dreamed, and never once been stoned nor beaten with rods, nor put in prison ? Last of all, and best of all, has he not come out of the hurly-burly of deceiving and being deceived, of collapsible Mahatmas and sliding panels, of mended china and astral post offices with a faith ingenuous and clean as a little child's ?"

PASSENGERS BY THE HOMEWARD MAIL.

The P. and O. Co.'s s. s. Ganges, Captain T. J Alderton, will sail to-day for London and Brindisi with the Europe mail and the following passengers :—

FOR LONDON.

Colonel Majoo	Mr and Mrs Rushton
Mr Fleisher	Mr Nam Singh
Mr Massey	Mr Armstrong
Miss Hawker	Mrs Place
Master Thomson	Mr and Mrs J S Webster
Mr Wooley	Miss Webster
Miss Wooley	Mr Bannatine Macleod
Rev H Fisher	Mr D W Ferrier
Mr H Darby	Rev H Hudson
Mr and Mrs Sherwin	Mr A Bruce
Mrs Monro	Mr Gartside
Miss Ruchham	Mr Fratel
Mr Sweenie	Miss Whitehouse
Mr Plowden	Mr G Thompson
Mr Rubie	Surg-Major Stevenson
Mr Baines and infant	Mr W Wilson
Mr Murr	Mr T Saunders
Mr McLintock	Mr J Smith
Mr Gillman	Mr Sitley
Mr Chaffer	

FOR BRINDISI.

Surg-Major-Genl Rice	Mr Garth
Mr Drew	Mr H O'Connell
Mr MacDonald	Lt-Col Walker
Mr Lt-Col McConnell	Capt Rich
Mr Waters	Mr and Mrs Punnett
Surg-Major Mulvaney	Mr Crowther
Surg Lt-Col Palmer	Capt H M Jackson
Col F G Forbes	Mr B Heaton
Dr Alpin	Mr Turnbull
Mr W L Harvey	Surg-Capt Moore
Mr H T Ommaney	Surg-Capt Cadell
Mr J J Lea	Mr Burff
Major Smart	Mr F M Scott
Sir Edward Buck	

BOMBAY UNIVERSITY NOTIFICATIONS

THE MANOCKJEE LIMJEE GOLD MEDAL.

The following subject has been selected by the Syndicate for competitive Essays for the above medal in 1893 :—"An Account of the First Madhavrao Peshva."

THE SIR GEORGE LE GRAND JACOB PRIZE.

(Note.—In addition to the usual prize of books worth the year's interest, the Syndicate have resolved to award Rs. 200 to the writer of the successful Essay of 1893.) The following subject has been selected by the Syndicate for competitive Essays for the above prize in 1893 :—"The Educational System prevailing in the Bombay Presidency, with Suggestions for its Improvement."

THE VISHVANATH NARAYEN MANDLIK GOLD MEDAL.

The following subject has been selected by the Syndicate for competitive Essays for the above medal in 1893 :—"A Comparison of the Sisupala-Vadha and the Kiratarjuniya, together with a Discussion of their respective Dates."

THE PANDIT BHAGVANLAL INDRAJI GOLD MEDAL AND PRIZE.

The following subject has been selected by the Syndicate for competitive Essays for the above medal and prize for 1893 :—"Transcripts of the Inscriptions in the Karli Caves, with a Discussion of the Historic Data contained in them."

THE MOHOBAT FELLOWSHIP.

In the absence of a suitable Mahomedan candidate willing to take up the Mohobat Fellowship, which has fallen vacant this year, the Syndicate invite applications for the same from such candidates as took their degree of B.A. or B. Sc. in 1891 or 1892.

WILSON PHILOLOGICAL LECTURESHIP.

The Syndicate have appointed Mr. O. V. Muller, B.A., to deliver these lectures for 1892-93 on the following subject :—"English viewed in connection with Anglo-Saxon and its other sources."

A MUNICIPALITY DISSOLVED.

The following proclamation is published in yesterday's *Government Gazette* :—

Whereas for the reasons herein below stated the Governor in Council is pleased, under the provisions of Section 10 of the Bombay District Municipal Act Amendment Act, 1884, to announce that it is proposed to declare that the local area included within the municipal limits of Otur in the Poona district, as notified under Notification No. 45, dated 6th January 1890, at page 2 of the *Bombay Government Gazette* of the 9th idem, part I-A, shall cease to be a municipal district from the 1st November 1892.

All persons who entertain any objection to the said proposal should submit the same with the reasons therefore in writing to the Chief Secretary to Government, General Department, Bombay, within two months from the date of the publication of this proclamation.

The reasons for this proposal are as follows :—

The total possible estimated income of the municipality of Otur is Rs. 1,200. The compulsory expenditure under the Act on education is Rs. 560, or nearly half the income. It is proposed to spend Rs. 371 on the permanent establishment of one karkun, one peon, and three sweepers, while Rs. 26 must also be spent on office rent and contingencies. There is thus left only Rs. 243 for expenditure on road repairs, improvement of water-supply and other sanitary requirements, such as the removal of prickly pear, provision of latrines, and the like.

It is manifest that the primary object of a municipality, viz., to improve the sanitary condition and the water-supply of the municipal district, cannot be attained in the circumstances reported, and in the opinion of Government the Municipality of Otur should, unless good reason to the contrary is shown, cease to exist.

MILITARY NEWS.

Lieut. E. W. Thompson, Indian Staff Corps, has been granted three months' leave, on medical certificate.

Lieut. J F. Whyte, Indian Staff Corps, has been granted seventy days' leave.

Col. W. P. La Touche, Staff Corps, has been permitted to reside out of India, under the regulations.

The R. I. M. S. Clive, will leave Bombay on the 6th October with the 3rd Dragoon Guards, and arrive at Natal on the 21st. She will leave on the 28th with the 11th Hussars, and arrive at Karachi on the 15th November.

It has been decided that in cases in which a regiment has executed a portion of its musketry course, but is unable to complete it, the Commander-in-Chief of the Presidency may be allowed discretionary power to order the unexpended balance of ammunition to be utilised during the following season, in addition to the annual allowance for that year.

It has been ruled that during the absence of a regimental officer on privilege leave beyond Indian limits, his pay cannot be drawn in the regimental pay list, but should the officer desire to have his pay drawn in the regimental pay list he will be permitted to draw it, though his agent in India, who must be a banker or recognised business agent, on the latter furnishing a satisfactory guarantee for the refund of overpayments.

Colonel R. H. Curties, Assistant Adjutant-General, Bombay Army Head-quarters, has been granted leave on private affairs, in India, in extension of the leave granted in April last.

General Budgen, D. S. O., Commanding the Bombay District, will spend his privilege leave at Simla.

Brigade-Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonel S. B. Hunt, Indian Medical Service, has been appointed to officiate as Principal Medical Officer of a District Command, during the absence of Surgeon-Colonel C. Sibthorpe on furlough.

The second class for instruction in Musketry will assemble at Deolali on the 23rd August.

THE COOPERAGE.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

Sir,—In yesterday's issue I see a very sensible suggestion from your correspondent "Cricketer," that equestrians should exercise on the Kennedy Sea Face, and not on the Cooperage, as the ground is spoilt for cricket. Whenever there is a football contest or a cricket match going on, large numbers of ladies and children assemble to watch the game, and I regret to say that some riders gallop close up to, or around the by-standers to the alarm and annoyance of everyone, and thereby causing people to lose the enjoyment of an evening's sport. As there are several places especially reserved for horse exercise only, I would suggest that the authorities be pleased to rule the Cooperage ground out of bounds for horse-riding.—Yours, &c.,

Bombay, Aug. 11. PEDESTRIAN.

THERMOMETER READINGS.

WEDNESDAY NIGHT, August 10.

10 p.m.	79·1

THURSDAY, August 9.

6 a.m.	79·1
10 a.m.	76·8
12 p.m.	80·6
4 p.m.	80·6

THE NEW WATER-WORKS AT RAJKOTE.

OPENING BY SIR E. C. OLLIVANT.

Sir Charles Ollivant, C.S., K.C.I.E., the Political Agent in Kathiawar, performed on Monday evening the opening ceremony of the Victoria Jubilee Water-works, Rajkote, in presence of a large and distinguished assemblage, some of the chiefs, representatives of chiefs, and officials had specially come down for the purpose. On a delightful piece of ground on the border of the lake four shamianas were pitched for the accommodation of those assembled and the plot of ground was splendidly decorated—the letters V. R., with a fountain playing close by giving it additional effect. Sir Charles arrived exactly at 5-30 and was received by the members of the Water-Works Committee headed by the chairman, Rao Bhadur Keshavrao Bhaskerji. After all had taken their seats Rao Bhadur Keshavrao stepped forward and thus addressed those assembled :—Sir Charles Ollivant, your Highness, Chiefs and Representatives, Ladies and Gentlemen.—In thanking you heartily for kindly responding to the invitation of the Victoria Jubilee Water-works Committee to witness the interesting opening ceremony of this day, I deem it proper on behalf of the members of the committee to give a short history of the origin of this most useful and philanthropic scheme, and to lay before you some of the main points in connection with the Randarda Lake upon the resources of which the success of the scheme depends. Within the recollection of all those who have honoured this assemblage with their presence the celebration of the jubilee of the happy and eventful reign of her Most Gracious Majesty our benign Queen of England and Empress of India, must be quite fresh. To perpetuate that memorable epoch the princes and chiefs of this ancient and historic Peninsula in 1887, A. D., resolved to erect a building at Rajkote, to be styled the Victoria Jubilee Hall and Museum, and in furtherance of that aim they with their usual liberality subscribed to a fund which amounted to the handsome figure of Rs. 1,60,000. The foundations of the institute were laid soon after under the supervision of our energetic Agency Engineer Mr. Booth. Circumstances since then changed. The rainfall in 1888 was not as it should have been, and the water-supply for the requirements of the first British station in Kathiawar began to fail, threatening serious consequences. The attention of the station authorities was drawn to organising plans to avert a dire calamity. The then Political Agent, the late lamented Colonel J. W. Watson, with his usual foresight lost no time in bringing this important subject of water-supply to the notice of the princes and chiefs of the Province, and suggested that a considerable portion of the funds already raised by them should be appropriated for the laudable and philanthropic object of saving the population and cattle of the station from a water-famine. To the great credit of the princes and chiefs the hint thrown out was at once accepted by them. It was not strange that this should be so, since in every Native State from time immemorial the charitable and religious acts of the reigning chiefs and of charitably disposed private iddividuals consisted principally in making ample provision for drinkable water for wayfarers, pilgrims, cattle, &c., by sinking wells, constructing tanks and water troughs along roadsides and at places much frequented by such persons and cattle. The station water-supply was one of such acts. They were fully aware that her Most Gracious Majesty the Queen-Empress took a keen interest in all works of charity and public utility, and that their diverting a portion of their funds from the object for which it was originally intended to the water-supply project would meet with unqualified approval. In November, 1888, they unanimously consented to make an allotment of the large sum of Rs. 86,000, for the water-supply from the collections of Rs. 1,60,000. This sum however, was not deemed sufficient to success fully carry out the water scheme, so in August 1889, at the suggestion of the Political Agent the princes and chiefs with their inherent good wishes for the public welfare supplemented the grant by a further allotment of Rs. 50,000. The sum of Rs. 1,36,000 so liberally voted by the princes and chiefs was also found insufficient, so the civil station committee came forward, under the advice of the then Acting Political Agent, Mr. Lely, to give its helping hand, as the scheme was of an immense value to the station, and voted the sum of Rs. 50,000 from the surplus balance of the funds which Government placed at their disposal. The total capital devoted to these valuable works

twenty years gave about a lakh a year in public works. Sir Charles further observed that one of the most important duties that he had to perform was to preside over what was ordinarily known as the Karbharees' meeting which disposed funds for various objects. They recognised that in the Rajkote Civil Station they had a link of federation of all States, for there were some things which no amount of enterprise alone did, and unless their union was secured under the presidency of the Political Agent for the time being. Sir Charles said that he had done much to foster the independence of the States, but there were some things which independence could not accomplish. There were some things in the future for which united action was necessary. He felt quite certain that their Highnesses would not misunderstand what he said, for during the last few years they had evinced much ability to manage entirely those things which could be managed best by themselves. Sir. Charles then proceeded to turn the silver key led by the Agency Engineer, Mr. Booth. On declaring the work open amidst cheers, Sir Charles returned to his seat and observed that as he had alluded to their graceful tribute of respect to her Majesty and had expressed his recognition of the generosity of the chiefs of Kathiawar he wished to say a few words as to those who were engaged in the works. First of all, he, an utter stranger, should mention with admiration and respect the name of Colonel Watson, the historian of Kathiawar, to whom they owed the undertaking, and, feelingly observed Sir. Charles, that it would have given him immense pleasure to have seen him present on the occasion to take the place he now occupied. How pleased he and his family would have been to see the magnificent work completed. He, however, begged all not to forget what was done by Colonel Watson. Though the Water-works had been constructed to commemorate the reign of her Majesty the idea of a museum was not lost sight of. That museum would perpetuate Colonel Watson's name, for Colonel Watson was a profound antiquarian and his researches were immense. Sir Charles then referred to one who had taken a leading part in the Water-works from the day of their construction up to the day of their completion, the Agency Engineer, Mr. Booth. (Cheers.) Sir Charles, who had in a previous state of existence something to do with water-works and other similar undertakings, said without hesitation that it was a work which reflected credit upon any engineer. He spoke not only of the engineering ability in the construction of the works but also of the firm courage which induced Mr. Booth to go on. He went on to the conviction that the works would prove successful and they have fulfilled his most sanguine expectations. The works were a very fitting crowning to the 26 years' work which Mr. Booth had done in Kathiawar. The works displayed the generosity of the chiefs, and the chiefs recognised the instrument that worked for them to display their generosity. Nothing could give Mr. Booth greater satisfaction than to look around and see what he had done. Had the Chotila Hill been a little higher Mr. Booth would have been able to say, taking up his position on a loftier site pointing out in all directions what he had done "there, there, there" that he had expended nearly half a crore of rupees of the chiefs of Kathiawar.

It was no small credit, no small satisfaction to him to feel that where no road existed there were now 335 miles of bridged road. In architectural work also Mr. Booth displayed great ability such as any man could be proud of. Any man might feel glory in having completed such a work as the Rajkumar College. None hoped more cordially than Sir Charles did that Mr. Booth might still do more in Kathiawar and he would find generous chiefs to appreciate what he did. Sir Charles then performed the other part of the day's ceremony which gave him the most intense satisfaction, as also to those assembled, and which consisted in giving some token of the recognition of the chiefs to those who have borne the burden and heat of the day. In handing over the valuable purse to Mr Booth, Sir Charles observed that he was commissioned to say by the States that it was a small recognition of the esteem of his work in Kathiwar extending over 26 years, and he hoped that whatever value it brought to him it would be immensely increased by the document which brought it.

These words accompanied as in connection with the presentation of the purse to Mr. Booth. The smallness of the bag led many of those present to believe that Mr. Booth was being shabbily treated by the chiefs for all his troubles. But such was not the case. The bag contained Rs. 500 in cash and a cheque of £200 which at the present rate of exchange would come to about Rs. 3,250. Mr. Booth thus got, thanks to the appreciation of the chiefs, the nice little sum of Rs 3,750.—*Kathiawar Times.*

THE SENIOR CIVIL SERVICE.

The following gradation list of Commissioners and Senior and Junior Collectors as it stood on the 1st July, shows numerous alterations since the last list was published :—

	No.	Holder of the Substantive Appointment.	Cause of Vacancies.	Holder of Acting appointment in Grade.
Commissioners—				
First Grade : 3 appointments, including the Commissioner of Customs.	1	Mr. Nugent .	On furlough for one year from 26th March 1892.	Mr. Spence.
	2	Mr. Carey ...	.....	Mr. Loch.
	3	Mr. James....	Acting Commissioner in Sind.	Mr. Reid.
Second Grade : 1 appointment.	1	Mr. Spence...	Acting First Grade Commissioner.	Mr. Fleet
Third Grade : 1 appointment.	1	Mr. Ozanne .	Furlough on medical certificate for 10 months from 23rd January 1892.	Mr. W. M Fletcher.
Collectors—				
Senior : 12 appointments, including the appointment of Collector of Land Revenue.	1	Mr. Candy ..	.....	Mr. Charles
	2	Mr. Reid	Acting Commissioner, C. D., First Grade.	Mr. Lely.
	3	Mr. Fleet....	Acting Commissioner, S. D., Second Grade	Mr. Campbell
	4	Mr. Vidal ..	Furlough for 18 months from 7th April 1891.	Mr. Cooke.
	5	Mr. Porteous	.....	Mr. Frost.
	6	Mr. Muir....	Furlough for 2 years from 1st May 1891.	.....
	7	Mr. Ebden ..	.....	.....
	8	Mr. Loch.....	Acting Commissioner, N. D., First Grade.	.....
	9	Mr. Winter .	.....	.....
	10	Mr. Crawley-Boevey	.....	.....
	11	Mr. Allen ...	.....	.....
	12	Mr. Sinclair .	.....	.....
Junior : 8 appointments, including the appointment of Collector of Salt Revenue.	1	Mr. Charles .	Actg Senr Collr	Mr. Woodburn.
	2	Mr. Lely	Actg Senr Collr	Mr. Davidson
	3	Mr. Campbell	Actg Senr Collr	Mr. Silcock.
	4	Mr. Cooke ..	Actg Senr Collr	Mr. Cumine.
	5	Mr. Monteath	Furlough for 22 months and 27 days from 6th December 1890	Mr. Snow. Mr. Kennedy Mr. Drew.
	6	Mr. Frost....	Actg Senr Collr	....
	7	Mr. Ommanney.....	Actg Senr Collr	.....
	8	Mr. Pollen ..	.....	.....

Mr. Ommanney acted as Senior Collector with acting allowance up to 19th June 1892.

Mr. Jenkins acted as Junior Collector with acting allowance up to 19th June 1892.

Mr. Sheppard ceased to act as Junior Collector from 9th June 1892.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

The following is the statement of traffic for the week ending 6th August, 1892 :—

	Coaching Traffic.	Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.	Other Earnings (Estimated).	Total. Earnings.
	Coaching Receipts.	Receipts.		
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Total .. Corresponding week last year, open 1,491¼ miles	1,31,608	2,93,076	4,354	4,29,038
	..	..	..	4,14,781
Increase ..... Rs. 14,257.				

It is curious, observes a contemporary, to find in the Indian *Gazette* a statement of the conditions under which is to take place a "representative exhibition of artistic, industrial, educational and philanthropic work of the women of India" at the coming Chicago Exposition. There is to be a board of lady managers, we are told, and the design is to mark the "first participation of women in an important national enterprise by preparing an object lesson to show the progress made by women in every country in the world during the century, in which educational and other privileges have been granted her." So far as India is concerned the object lesson will not take up much space, not because the privileges have not been granted, but because they are not sought.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.

The ordinary monthly meeting of the Bombay Municipal Corporation was held yesterday afternoon, under the presidency of Mr. Javerilal U. Yajnik. Those present were :—Messrs. Abdulla M. Dharamsi, Anandrao Narayen Vasudeo, Ardasir Dadabhai Mody, Budrudin bin Abdula Kur, Brigade-Surgeon S. O'B. Banks, Dr. Bhalchandra Krishna Bhatawadekar, Dr. Thomas Blaney, Byramjee Nusserwanjee Servai, C. H. Byrne, Chimanlal Harilal Setalvad, J. P. Cornforth, Dr. Cowasjee Hormusjee, Cowasji Pestonji, Damodar Thakersi Mulji, Darashah Ratanji Chichgar, Dominick A. De Monte, Dinshaw Edulji Wacha, Fazulbhoy Jumabhai Lalji, the Hon'ble Mr. Fazulbhoy Visram, Framji Dorabji Divecha, Grattan Geary, Colonel Wilson, Goolam Hoosein Allana, Govardhandas Gocouldas Tejpal, Harkisondas Nurrotumdas, Ibrahim Rahimtula, Jagmohandas Vandrawandas, Jaya Karadi Lingu, K. M. Shroff, Kharsedji Nasarwanji Wadia, Rai Bahadur Luchmon Singh, G. Lund, Brigade-Surgeon G. A. Maconachie, Manekshah J. Talyarkhan, Meherjibhai Rastamji Setna, Mirza Hussein Khan, Nanabhai Navroji Katrak, Nanu Narayen Kothare, Pherozeshah Merwanjee Mehta, Pranjivandas Cullandass, Rahimtula Khairaz, Rahimtula Mohamed Sayani, G. W. Roughton, Selim Solomon, Sundernath D. Khote, Tribhowandas Munguldas Nathoobhoy, Tribhowandas Varjiwandas, Vandrawundas Purshotumdas, and Dr. Accacio Gabriel Viegas.

PURCHASE OF LAND.

The Committee considered letter No. 7911, dated 12th July, 1892, from the Commissioner, asking the approval of the Corporation for the purchase, under the terms of section 90 of the Municipal Act, of about 1,667 square yards of land in Thomas Street, Colaba, the property of Mr. Shapoorjee Jewajee, for the erection of a market thereon, on the following terms, *viz.* : (1) The Municipality to pay a lump sum of Rs. 50,000, to the owner (including the claim of the sub-lessee) ; (2) the cost of conveyance, stamp, and registration to be borne equally by Mr. S. Jewajee and the Municipality ; (3) the owner to pay the Municipality a sum of money equal to 25 years' capitalized value of ground rent payable to the Fazundars of the land in question ; and (4) the owner should give a clear possession of the ground to the Municipality after the purchase. The cost to be debited to the grants sanctioned by the Corporation, in its resolutions Nos. 2701 and 1200, dated 26th March, 1888, and 9th May, 1892, respectively.

On the proposition of Dr. Cowasjee, supported by Mr. Lund, it was resolved that the necessary sanction be accorded for the purchase of the land in question.

DISTRIBUTION OF WATER AND A STEEL-MAIN PROJECT.

The Corporation considered the resolution of the Standing Committee, No. 3640, dated 13th July, 1892, as under :—" That memorandum No. 7569, of the 7th instant, from the Commissioner and the Deputy Executive Engineer, Water-Works, together with the report of the Sub-Committee, dated 26th May, 1892, as to the improvement of the distribution of the water-supply, be *recorded* on the minutes of this day's meeting. " That the Corporation be recommended to sanction the laying of the following mains :—

	Rs.	Rs.
Steel main, Vehar to Kurla.....	9,41,000	
32" main, Chinchpoogli to Grant Road.....	2,27,656	
18" main, from Jackeria Bandar to Golangi Hill, Sewri	81,160	
18" Kalachowki to Bandarwada.....	85,140	
18" Girgaum to Dongri	42,570	
18" Hornby Road to Bori Bunder.....	27,720	
12" Hornby Road to Jenjikar Street.....	12,403	
9" Chakla Street to Musjid Bunder Road	5,280	
9" Tank Bunder Roads from Coppersmith Street, Mazagon	8,800	
		14,31,729
Extension in G Ward—		
32" from Indar Road—48" Tansa main along Elphinstone Road to Tulsi pipe line and along pipe line to Fergusson Road.....	1,46,377	
Culverts under Railways or Bridges over.	20,000	
18" along Fergusson Road to Junction of Haines and Worli Roads	34,650	
		2,01,027
Total.....	Rs.	16,32,756
Add—Cost of Queen's Road 24" main already laid		63,360
Grand Total.....		16,96,116
Deduct—On account of steel main laid over 7,000 feet of Vehar 32" main which have immodiately to be replaced by revenue.....		1,04,995
Net charge on capital Rs		15,91,121

" That the Corporation be further recommended to sanction the raising of a loan of Rs. 16,00,000, to provide for the cost of the whole scheme, the money to be raised as may be required from time to time.

" That in the meantime the Commissioner be requested to obtain the opinion of an eminent hydraulic engineer in England as to the comparative advantages of steel over cast-iron mains."

Dr. Cowasjee Hormusjee, chairman of the Standing Committee, in laying the matter before the Corporation said it was an important question which involved an expenditure of no less than sixteen lakhs of rupees after having spent a crore and a-half on the Tansa scheme. The question now before the Corporation for consideration was whether an outlay of sixteen lakhs seemed necessary or not in the interests of the city. The subject had been before the Standing Committee for over a year, and also when Dr. Weir was acting Municipal Commissioner. It was duly considered by the Standing Committee in all its details, and the matter referred to a sub-committee, which met from day to day and made their report upon the necessity of laying down certain mains which, it was considered, were absolutely necessary to satisfy the wants of the city. Dr. Weir, the acting Municipal Commissioner, in consultation with the Water-Works Engineer, submitted a report which was considered insufficient by Mr. Acworth, after he returned from England. Mr. Acworth wrote another letter on the subject explaining the matter more fully, and suggesting that the whole scheme as recommended by him should be submitted to the Corporation. The engineer of the water-works submitted several reports on the matter to the Standing Committee, which appointed another sub-committee. That sub-committee came to the conclusion that, instead of the partial scheme, the whole scheme as had been recommended by the Municipal Commissioner should be placed before the Corporation. The matter was again considered at two other meetings of the Standing Committee. One of the members, Mr. K. M. Shroff, opposed the adoption of the whole scheme, and the Standing Committee eventually determined to submit their recommendations to the Corporation.

Colonel Wilson supported the proposition.

Mr. A. M. Dharamsi, speaking on the steel-main project, reminded the meeting that the first item which the Corporation were asked to sanction was in reference to the steel-main project from Vehar to Coorla, at a cost of Rs. 9,41,000. He said he would ask the Corporation to bear in mind that if the whole scheme were not adopted the sum of nine laks of rupees referred to by him would not be saved to the Corporation, because what was proposed to be done was that instead of the present 32" main from Vehar to Coorla, a new steel telescopic main, commencing with 60" at Vehar and gradually coming down to 45," was proposed to be laid. The executive assured them that 7,000 feet of that main at the Coorla end was in such a condition that frequent bursts took place and it required very careful handling to repair it when such breaches happened. The 7,000 feet of the main would have to be replaced at a cost of about two lakhs of rupees. If the whole scheme were not adopted they would have to undergo an additional expenditure of about four lakhs of rupees. Whether the Corporation adopted the partial scheme which eliminated the steel main project, or sanctioned the entire scheme, which included that project, there would only be a difference of four lakhs of rupees. The sub-committee and the Standing Committee came to the conclusion, after considerable discussion, that it was desirable to connect Vehar with Tansa and thereby convert Vehar into a service reservoir to Tansa, which would only cost four lakhs more than what the partial scheme would incur. It was apprehended that over the long line of duct and pipes breaches would occur, and such had recently taken place through the *nullahs* becoming flooded by monsoon water. If the duct and pipes were injured the consequence would be that the Tansa supply which had incurred a cost of a crore and a-half would be entirely shut off from the city. He would point out that since the Tansa water had been introduced into the city their supply had been doubled, and as the people were now accustomed to use a larger quantity of water, the shutting off of the supply would be felt more than ever. Another point to consider was that the Municipality would lose a thousand rupees a day during the period the Tansa water was cut off to local mills. The Bhandarwada Reservoir had only a supply for a day and a-half, and should the Tansa water not come into the city on account of bursts or other damages what would be the condition of Bombay, when the supply in the reservoir had become exhausted, in the event of any contingency. The outbreak of a fire in the town would make a demand on it, and they could imagine the condition of affairs if no water could be obtained to extinguish it. Under the circumstances the Corporation would do well to spend four lakhs more and carry out the entire scheme, which would be in every way advantageous to the wants of the city. (Applause.)

Mr. Pherozeshah M. Mehta said it appeared to him that the Municipal Commissioner and Mr. Tomlinson had carefully gone into the details of the scheme, upon which very little information had been furnished to them by the Standing Committee. Though a report had been given to them it was very short and meagre. He would point out that he detested nothing more than the argument which had been brought forward by Mr. Dharamsi, namely, that because the Tansa scheme had cost them a crore and a-half of rupees, a comparatively small sum like sixteen lakhs should not be grudged by the Corporation. If Tansa had incurred such a heavy expenditure there was greater reason for economy at present. They ought not to allow the burden, which posterity ought to bear, to fall upon them. There should be, to a certain extent, an equitable distribution of burdens. It seemed to him that there should be a Committee of the Corporation appointed to go into the details of the question. He would accordingly propose an amendment, apointing a committee, including the following gentlemen, for the purpose of reporting on the proposals contained in the recommendations of the Standing Committee : The President, Dr. Blaney, Mr. A. M. Dharamsi, Mr. K. M. Shroff, Mr. Hughes, Mr. S. Solomon, Mr. D. E. Wacha, Mr. Roughton, Dr. Viegas, Dr. Bhalchundra and Mr. Metha.

The Municipal Commissioner expressed his satisfaction with the explanation of Mr. Dharamsi's project and approved of the amendment, which was carried.

The meeting then separated.

BOMBAY SEASON REPORTS.

The following Season Reports for the week ending 9th August were published in yesterday's "Bombay Government Gazette" :—

Karachi.—River at Kotri on 8th, 19 feet 6 inches against 18 feet 10 inches on same date last year. Kharif transplanting operations continue. Late kharif cultivation flourishing. Sowings for wheel crops in progress. Agricultural stock improving since the fall of rain.

Shikarpur.—Rain general ; average 2 inches 20·3 cents. River 15 feet 6 inches against 14 feet 4 inches on same date last year. Standing crops flourishing. Fresh sowings progressing. Condition of cattle good.

Hyderabad.—Rain in 6 talukas, average 1 inch 90 cents. Kharif standing crops thriving. Ploughing and sowing continue. Crops in part of Tando Bago submerged through breaches in canal banks.

Upper Sind Frontier.—Rain in all talukas, excellent for crops and fodder. Condition of cattle improving. River has risen and maintains a good height. Canals working well.

Thar and Parkar.—Locusts observed in 3 talukas, but no damage caused. Condition of cattle improving. Adhava cotton crop promises well.

Ahmedabad.—(For week ending 6th August.)—Rain for week maximum at Ahmedabad 6 inches 29 cents, minimum at Sanand 1 inch 93 cents ; for season maximum at Dholka 22 inches 25 cents, minimum at Gogha 12 inches 66 cents. Transplantation of rice commenced. Standing crops in good condition. Agricultural stock in good condition. Fodder-supply sufficient. Prices stationary.

Panch Mahals.—Rain during the week maximum 2 inches 80 cents in Halol, minimum 1 inch 31 cents in Dohad ; total for the season maximum 22 inches 5 cents in Halol, minimum 14 inches 17 cents in Jhalod. Crops and cattle in good condition.

Kaira.—(For week ending 6th August).—Rain for week maximum in Nadiad 8 inches 82 cents, minimum in Kaira 3 inches 20 cents, average for the district 4 inches 39 cents ; for season maximum in Nadiad 25 inches 75 cents, minimum in Kapadvanj 16 inches 31 cents, average for the district 22 inches 14 cents. Sowing of jowari and transplantation of rice progressing. Standing crops good. Agricultural stock in good condition. Fodder-supply sufficient. Price of bajri slightly fallen.

Broach.—Rain for week maximum 7 inches 30 cents at Amod, minimum 73 cents at Hansont ; for season maximum 21 inches 93 cents at Amod minimum 16 inches 69 cents at Vagra. Total fall sufficient throughout the district. Sowing of rice, cotton and pulse in progress. Standing crops doing well. Fodder-supply good and agricultural stock healthy, except in Bahara (sea coast) villages, where cattle suffer for want of fodder.

Surat.—Rain throughout the district ; maximum 8 inches 70 cents in Pardi, minimum 2 inches 8 cents in Jalalpur ; total maximum 49 inches 1 cent in Pardi, minimum 29 inches in Olpad. Kharif sowing in progress. Fodder sufficient and agricultural stock good.

Khandesh.—Rain for week at Dhulia 1 inch 65 cents, average in the district 1 inch 38 cents ; for season at Dhulia 9 inches 49 cents, average in the district 13 inches. Rain throughout the district except Pimpalner and Sindkheda talukas where it is urgently wanted. Weeding and preparation for late crops progressing. Condition of fodder-supply and agricultural stock good. Prices of food-grains continue high.

Nasik.—Rain for week at Nasik 72 cents, total 15 inches 49 cents ; during week in Igatpuri 8·34, Dindori 1·43, Niphad 1·07, Chandor 1·01, Nandgaon 2·13, and Peint 4·88 inches ; in other talukas maximum in Kalvan 77 and minimum in Yeola 55 cents. Total rainfall insufficient in Yeola, Baglan and Kalvan talukas. Sowing of bajri continues except in Yeola, Baglan, Kalvan, where it is still awaited. Standing crops withering in Baglan for want of rain. Weeding of kharif crops in progress and land being prepared for the rabi crops in Niphad, Dindori and Nandgaon. Condition of fodder-supply and agricultural stock good in Chandor and fair in 10 other talukas Insufficient supply of fodder in all Baglan except the western part.

Colaba (Bombay).—Rain every day : total of week 3·46 inches ; total to date 42·07, being 7·68 below average. Abnormal temperature nil on 3rd and 9th, 1° warm on 4th and 6th, 1° cool on 5th, and 2° cool on 7th and 8th. Vapour in air normal. Wind normal from 3rd to 7th ; abnormal wind easterly on 8th and 9th.

Thana.—Rain at Thana 5 inches 3 cents, total 64 inches 63 cents ; in talukas during week maximum in Shahapur 7 inches 70 cents, minimum in Mahim 2 inches 20 cents. Total rainfall insufficient in Umbargaon and Mokhada. Transplanting of kharif crops in progress. State of young plants good. Condition of fodder-supply and agricultural stock good.

Kolaba.—Rain maximum 7 inches 88 cents at Panvel, minimum 4 inches 81 cents at Alibag. Transplantation work nearly completed. Young seedlings doing well. Agricultural stock good.

Ratnagiri.—Rain everywhere : maximum 7 inches 20 cents in Rajapur, minimum 1 inch 71 cents in Petha Guhagar. Transplantation of nagli nearly finished. Weeding operations commenced.

Poona.—Rain throughout the district, except Dhond ; in Junnar 1·78, Indapur 1·96, Khed 5·0, Ambegaon 1·05, Sirur ·50, Purandhar ·48, Bhimthadi ·01, Haveli ·83, Mulshi 3·74 and Maval 1·31 inches ; for season maximum 36 inches 63 cents in Mulshi, minimum 7 inches 75 cents in Indapur. Sowing of kharif crops almost completed. Young plants doing well. Scarcity of fodder-supply in taluka Khed. Agricultural stock good. Prices steady.

Ahmednagar.—Rain in 9 talukas ; maximum 1 inch 54 cents in Shevgaon, minimum 13 cents in Rahuri ; for season maximum 21 inches 55 cents in Nagar, minimum 6 inches 31 cents in Kopargaon. Sowing for kharif crops completed. Standing crops doing well. Weeding continues in parts. Land being prepared for the next season. Fodder-supply sufficient. Agricultural stock good. Prices generally steady.

Sholapur.—(For week ending 6th August).—Rain for week in Sholapur 30, Barsi 22, Madha 53 and Karmala 33 cents, none in other talukas ; for season maximum 15 inches 41 cents in Madha, minimum 7 inches 77 cents in Sangola ; more rain in Sholapur and Barsi talukas after the 6th. Rain generally wanted. Kharif standing crops suffering from want of rain. Lands being prepared for the next season. Fodder-supply sufficient. Green grass now available.

Satara.—Rain at Satara 97 cents, total 19 inches 57 cents ; in taluk as during week maximum 2 inches 90 cents in Patan, minimum 3 cents in Khanapur. More rain wanted in Man, Khatav and Tasgaon. Standing crops doing well. Fodder sufficient except in Khatav. Condition of cattle middling.

Bijapur.—Rain in Hungund 2 inches 58 cents, Badami 1 inch 63 cents, Indi 1 inch 78 cents, Muddebihal 60, Bijapur 47, Sindgi 39, Bagalkot 34 and Bagevadi 20 cents. Rain wanted more or less throughout the whole district. Sowing of early crops completed. Weeding in progress. Young seedlings still promising, and refreshed by recent rain. Soil being prepared for late crops, Water and fodder-supply good.

Belgaum.—Rain at Belgaum 1 inch 71 cents, total 35 inches 53 cents. More wanted in Athni, Gokak and Parasgad talukas. Early crops doing well. Weeding operations in progress. Prices continue high, but are falling. Scarcity of fodder diminishing in 4 talukas.

Dharwar.—Rain at all stations except Navalgund, Gadag, Nargund and Mundargi, varying from 1 inch 47 cents in Kalghatgi to 3 cents in Ron ; total for season maximum in Hangal 23 inches 83 cents, minimum in Ron 6 inches 84 cents. Jowari sowing completed. Standing crops generally good. Rain urgently required in Navalgund, Gadag and Ron talukas. Scarcity of fodder in Navalgund, Gadag and Ron.

Kanara.—Moderate rain in district. Crops good.

Rajkot.—Rain 1 inch 42 cents ; ; total 14 inches 96 cents. Standing crops thriving.

Wadhwan.—Rain 1 inch 77 cents during week ; total 8 inches 83 cents. More rain wanted in Jhalavad.

Baroda.—Rain during week 1 inch 96 cents ; total 16 inches 3 cents. Agricultural stock and standing crops in fair condition.

The Legalization of the "Totalizator" in New Zealand is an accomplished fact, and the Government reaps its share of the spoil. For instance, at the Wellington races recently the total amount betted was £15,144, the profits to total club being £1,600 and to the Government £200.

THE NATIVE PRESS.

ARE THE PARSEES ALIENS IN INDIA ?

Propounding this question in connection with Mr. Dadabhai Naoroji's election, the *Rast Goftar* discourses : We have, time and again, exposed the absurdity of regarding the Parsees as aliens to India. They occupy a peculiar position which binds them by the ties of the strongest interest to the ruling race, and consequently there can be no question about the unmixed sincerity of their loyalty. But they are the children of the soil all the same, having no country of their own, unlike the Russian Jew who is only settled in England, like the French or the German, for trade or business, who is bound to England by no ties of interested loyalty or obligations of a subject race, and whose heart ever turns fondly to his own country which alone claims his sympathies and his affections. So the gallant Major-General (Dashwood) is very unfortunate in his analogy, and Mr. Dadabhai being a native of India, he can justly pose himself as a representative man of India. He is so regarded by the Hindus and Mahomedans of India who are jubilant over his election, and it may be presumed that these races are expected to know better about their proper representative in Parliament than Major-General Dashwood. We do not see the relevancy of calling the Parsis a race of mere traders, in connection with the question which the General has set himself to answer. But, apart from the relevancy of it, we wish the General was right in styling them a race of traders. The Parsees have receded greatly from the position they occupied years ago in trade, and it is much to be regretted that the old traditions on which the General has relied have undergone a sad change in the course of years.

WORKING MILLS BY ELECTRIC LIGHT.

Commenting on the proposal to work some Bombay mills by electric light, the *Rast Goftar* says :—Past experience ought to warn mill-owners against this danger, and no present profit which an enterprising agent can make by working his factory night and day can compensate him for the troubles which would attend upon such a course. But it is argued, and with much show of reason, that the proposal to work the mill at night will not bring in any profit that would be at all proportionate to the trouble and expense of the working. Nay, it is not considered quite improbable that it may result in positive loss. From our knowledge of the working of the Central India Mills of Mr. Tata by night, some years ago, we are in a position to agree with the *Bombay Gazette* in the conclusions which that journal has drawn from the result of the experiment. We may add that the experiment was tried under a manager, the like of whom it would not be easy to find in this country. It was given a fair trial under favourable circumstances, and yet it failed. Workmen will not care to work at night unless they have the inducement of higher wages. They will be sleepy and careless, and therefore, the production will be much short of the quantity produced in the same number of hours in the day. As our contemporary has observed, the workmen will not turn day into night, because they have to turn night into day. They will not take in the day the rest that would enable them to work at night as well as they can in the day. We hope that these considerations will receive due weight from the agents of the mill which it has been proposed to work after dark.

Says the *Kasir-i-Hind* : The proposal of the City Mills to work their factory with electric lighting at night is now condemned by a consensus of opinion. Mr. Monie has simply fenced the question instead of answering the arguments of Mr. Douglas and the press. After such a unanimous expression of opinion it is to be hoped the agents, who are shrewd men of business and well-known for their reasonableness, would abandon the project. As we observed last week such a measure is altogether premature for a young industry like ours which, though fairly established, is off and on in the throes of dire depression and is besides dependent on one single market for its production. We do not think the agents would be consulting the best interests of the shareholders, whatever advantage they may reap by way of increased commission, if they persevere in carrying out their intentions. It is a question not affecting the interests of the proprietors of the particular mill in question but those of all other concerns. From this point of view it is a question affecting the commonweal of the entire local indutry. And we would therefore like to see the matter well agitated with a view of preventing other mills from following what may turn out to be a most disastrous step. We repeat it would be an evil day for Bombay when night work by electricity at our cotton mills is general. It would be the most suicidal step in the history of the industry, the evil consequences of which would be immensely far-reaching, aye, more than people have any idea of at present.

SIR CHARLES PRITCHARD.

The *Indian Spectator* thinks that, by Sir Charles Pritchard's elevation to the Supreme Council, the Government of Bombay lose a singularly able, if also a singularly indisoreet ally. As able as Melvill and as pertinacious as West, Sir Charles might have made himself much more successful but for his slowness to march with the times. We should not be surprised if he looked upon India of 1892 pretty much as that of thirty years ago. His knowledge of Excise matters is unrivalled. It is probably his mastery of details that has made him impervious to light from outside. After all, there is such a thing as knowing too much. In other matters generally Sir Charles is known to be fair and open. His support of Lord Reay's Forest Policy is worthy of all praise.

The *Gujarat Mitra* writes : However divergent our views may be with regard to the Abkari policy of Sir Charles Pritchard it is our bounden duty to congratulate him on his ensuing elevation to the membership in the Viceroy's Council for the Public Works Department. His long connection with the Bombay Civil Service, and his great abilities, not to speak of the immense financial prosperity in which he has by arduous labours placed his favourite Abkari Department, fully entitle him to the post which he will probably join from November next.

MORAL COURAGE.

The *Gujerati* writes : The Right Rev. Lord Bishop of Bombay inaugurated the series of lectures organised by the Wilson College Literary Society in a very instructive and learned discourse on 'moral courage.' As the learned lecturer justly observed, the rising generation of India need specially cultivate this quality in view of the most difficult, intricate and momentous questions they are called upon to solve in the history of human progress. His Lordship sympathised with the people of this country in the herculean difficulties they have to encounter and thus successfully disarmed criticism that is levelled at alien critics of our institutions for their inability to understand them. His lordship properly distinguished between mere thinkers or leaders of thought and active leaders of great movements, social, religious or political, and made an effective appeal to the audience to rise equal to the emergencies of their peculiar situation. It is not every one who can afford to be Jesus Christ or Buddha whose examples of heroic self-sacrifice and moral courage will serve for all ages. But it is possible for us all, including the reactionist quibblers at Poona who set so much store on the small utilities of the hour, to imitate, as far as lies in our power, the spirit of the great martyrs that have left their mark on human history. The learned lecture deserves careful perusal, and will, we hope, appear in a form easily accessible to the public in general.

The *Subodha Patrika* remarks : The address on "Moral Courage" delivered by the Lord Bishop of Bombay on Friday evening under the auspices of the Wilson College Literary Society was both very learned and very highly suggestive. The principles and lessons inculcated in it, may, if carefully attended to and followed, prove wholesome to the country at a time when the Poona penance-makers are teaching people that Hindu society can best be reformed by running with the hare and hunting with the hound. The Lord Bishop began by saying that the Poona penance was not the *subject* but only the *occasion* of his address. He defined "moral courage" as consisting "in this—the ability to move straightforward to a great end, undeterred by obloquy or opposition, undismayed by difficulty or pain, undisturbed by clamour or confusion." Moral courage, his Lordship pointed out, may even be found in resistance to proposed progress, if such resistance arise from a genuine conviction that "in the old lies nobility and opportunity."

THE SITUATION IN AFGHANISTAN.

The *Kaiser-i-Hind* observes : Affairs on the N.-W. Frontier are assuming an aspect which threatens to be not only embarrassing but full of dire portent. The Ameer has enough and more than enough of political and tribal difficulties to overcome. What with Hazara rebellion, the insubordinrtion of Umra Khan of Jandol, the differences with the minor tribes in the Khyber, and last, though not the least, the studied vexation offered by the Foreign Office of the Government of India, a vexation of so grave a character as to prompt him to cast his fortunes at any moment with the Muscovite. Abdur Rehman's position at the capital of his kingdom may be more easily imagined than described. And as if to add to his anxieties there is the revolt of the Mussulmans against the Russians at Taskend.

THE CASE OF MR. OUDH BIHARI LAL.

The following letter has been addressed by Mr. J. R. Reid, Senior Member of the Board of Revenue, N.-W. P., to Mr. Henry J. Osborn, Editor of the *Abkari*.

Sir,—My attention has been drawn to an article headed "A Jack in Office" on page 10 of the July number of your quarterly organ, named *Abkari*. The article appears over the initials H. J. O., which apparently are your own. It repeats and adds to certain statements already made elsewhere, as to the alleged action of Sir Auckland Colvin in regard to the nomination of Mr. Oudh Bihari Lal, M A., to be a probationary Deputy Collector in these Provinces. In reference to the article I shall content myself with giving a simple narrative of facts.

Under its standing orders the Government of these Provinces appoints three young men to be probationary Deputy Collectors in April of each year. Under the same orders, two of the young men are selected by the Government itself from among the candidates whose applications have been registered by it. In April of the present year the two persons appointed under this rule were Messrs. Muhammad Fasih-ud-din, B.A., and Muhammad Abdussami, B.A.

For the third appointment the Board of Revenue are required, by the same standing orders, to submit to the Government a list of the persons whom they consider most eligible for appointment from among the candidates whose applications have been received by them. From this nomination list, in which the names are arranged in the order of merit for appointment, as judged by the Board, the Government selects the third probationary Deputy Collector. In the present year the Board submitted a list of five names. In it Mr. Oudh Bihari Lal's name was placed fifth. The nominee appointed by the Government was Raja Parbal Partap Singh, whose name was second in the list. Mr. Oudh Bihari Lal was, therefore, one of four nominees who did not receive an appointment ; and his chance of being appointed was the smallest among the nominees, because his name stood lowest in the list.

The list was prepared by the members of the Board on the 31st of March 1892. The nominations were made, and the order of merit for appointment was settled, with reference to the qualifications of the candidates, as apparent from their certificates and known antecedents. Of Mr. Oudh Bihari Lal the Board knew nothing except what appeared in the certificates and letters attached to his application. These were all of a high order. The list was submmitted to the Government by the Board in their Secretary's letter of the 19th April, 1892, previously to which date, and subsequently to which date, up to the receipt of the orders of the Government upon the letter, no letter, no communiation of any sort regarding any of the nominees passed between the Board and the Government.

Naturally, as the final decision rested with the Government, no official intimation of the nominations was given to the nominees by the Board. But very soon after the list had been drawn up, information as to its contents was, surreptitiously it would seem, obtained by some one from the Board's office, and made known to many persons in Allahabad. For, on the 8th April, I received a letter from a private individual inquiring whether, before nominating Mr. Oudh Bihari Lal, the Board has been apprised of the facts that he had been in the employment of the National Congress, and, as an active member of an association, had been engaged in declaiming publicly in the Allahabad *chouk* (public square), and elsewhere, against the immorality and wickedness of the Government system of excise and opium (a very different thing, I may point out, from advocating abstinence from alcohol and opium), which, if appointed a Deputy Collector, he might be called upon to manage and supervise in any district where he might be stationed.

It was for the purpose of ascertaining from Mr. Oudh Bihari Lal himself what the value of these statements might be, that I asked him to call upon me, and when illness prevented his doing so, that I wrote to him the first of the letters which have appeared in print. I enclose a copy of his answer, which reached me on the 25th April. On the same day a letter was received by the Board's Secretary from the Chief Secretary to the Government, intimating the three appointments to probationary Deputy Collectorship made by the Government for the year. The fact of Mr. Oudh Bihari Lal having been one of the Board's nominees had, as I have said, been divulged knowing this, and, with the object of setting his mind at rest on the subject, I informed him that his nomination had not been accepted. If Mr. Oudh Bihari Lal imagined thereafter that his former temporary employment by the National Congress, or his lecturing in favour of abstinence from alcohol and opium, might have had to do with his not having been appointed by the Government, he had only to write to me in order to ascertain the facts. As far as I know, he had never had occasion, from his intercourse with European officials or myself, to suppose that such an inquiry would not receive a courteous and kindly answer. Had he made it, he would have learned that the matters referred to in his correspondence with me had had nothing whatever to do with his not being appointed by the Government ; and that his application still remained on the Board's file as that of a candidate eligible for nomination on a future occasion. I, therefore, give an unqualified contradiction to the assertions and insinuations at variance from these facts which have been made by Mr. Oudh Bihari Lal, Mr. W. S. Caine, M. P., and yourself ; and I shall thank you

PURE PERSONALITIES.

By the death of Thomas Cooper we lose the last, and in many respects the most remarkable, of the old Chartists. He had lived in such complete retirement through feeble health for these twenty years past that many people will be surprised to learn that he is only just dead. He had that intense religious fervour which made him regard battle with privilege and tyranny as a holy crusade, and which has characterised nearly all the great reformers of this country. He was both the Moses and Aaron of the movement for though poor Feargus O'Connor was a more showy orator, he lacked that convincing eloquence with which Cooper surprised the judges before whom he pleaded for his colleagues and himself. He had more than one taste of gaol life, and it was during a two years' imprisonment that he wrote the poem with the exceedingly cheerful title of "The Purgatory of Suicides," which had a certain vogue at the period, but which is little read nowadays. It brought him, however, many friends, among them Benjamin Disraeli, by whose kindness to him Cooper was much affected.

The winter's gaiety (according to an all-knowing fashion correspondent) will be inaugurated by the marriage of the Duke of York in November, and in spite of the rumours to the contrary, it is stated that his bride will be no other than the Princess May of Teck. The engagement will probably be announced in September, and the marriage will take place two months afterwards.

A forget-me-not luncheon was given the other day by one of the bridesmaids of a prospective American bride in compliment to the latter on her approaching marriage. Forget-me-nots were arranged in the shape of hearts and true lovers knots upon the table, and all the decorations were in the colour of the blue flowers. Each guest was provided with a cluster of the blossoms to wear.

It is probable (says the "World") that in the course of the autumn the betrothal of Princess Victoria Melita of Edinburgh and the Duke of Augustenburg will be officially announced. The Princess will not be sixteen until next November. The Duke, who was born in 1863, is the nephew of Prince Christian, and the brother of the German Empress and of Princess Frederick Leopold of Prussia. The Duke owns a large estate in Silesia, and he has an allowance of about £16,000 a year from the Prussian Government.

An amusing incident occurred to Lord Kingsburgh last week in connection with the Circuit Court at Dumfries. His Lordship had dispensed with the semi-military parade customary to the Court on circuit, but the Court-house gate was, as usual, closed against a rush of the public until lawyers and jurymen had taken their places. Lord Kingsburgh, approaching in plain clothes, was stopped by the constable in charge and asked whether he was a juryman or not. His Lordship smiled, and said he was not, but he succeeded in persuading the faithful and flustered official that unless he were allowed to pass there would be no jurymen needed, and the business of the Court could not possibly proceed.

From a selection of names of parliamentary candidates published by the "Newcastle Chronicle" last week it would seem that the names have been drawn from all walks of human life, and, indeed, of animal life—from beast and bird, from wood and grove, from hill and dale. They give, our contemporary points out, the key to the progress of individual generations from poverty to wealth; for, manifestly, the ancestors of many of those now contending for a seat in the Imperial Legislature were very humble folk—e.g., the Butchers, Bakers, Gardners, Potters, Shipmans, Colmans, and Clarkes; the Hunters and the Fishers; the Foxes, the Otters the Roes," and many others.

Among the men who turned their faces finally from Westminster at the Dissolution not the least remarkable (says the London "Evening News and Post") is Mr. John Corbett, "the Salt King," who sat more than twenty years for the Droitwich Division of Worcestershire. He began life as a canalboat boy at Brierley Hill, and for two years made "voyages" to London and back. On these tedious trips he had much leisure, and he spent it in reading every book he could find. Then, after being promoted to the captaincy of a barge, he left the canal and became the driver of a stationary engine in the salt works at Stoke, near Droitwich. From engineman he rose to the position of traveller, and his next step was into the manager's office. At last he became the proprietor of the small establishment which, under his management, has grown to such a vast extent, and has brought its owner a great fortune. Mr. Corbett has a beautiful estate near Droitwich, and has also estates at Towyn in Merionethshire, which he is doing his best to make a popular watering-place. Mr. Corbett is a singularly retiring man, and never made a speech in the House.

A most eccentric person died a few days ago in Berlin at the age of 73. He began, says a correspondent, on his 18th birthday, and kept up till his 70th year, a book which showed that during 52 years he had noted the smoking of 628,713 cigars, of which he had received 43,692 as presents, while for the remaining 585,021 he had paid £2085, 12s. 3d. During the same period he had had 85 pairs of trousers made, costing altogether £92, 3s. 3d.; 74 coats and waistcoats for £158, 3s. 2d.; and 62 pairs of boots for £66, 2s. 2d. He wore out 208 shirts and "fronts," and 326 collars, costing altogether £57, 3s. 4d. In tram fares he spent £85, 13s. 2d. In 15 years, according to his bookkeeping, he had drunk 28,780 glasses of Bavarian beer, of which, however, 21,261 were only small ones. For this beer and 36,081 glasses of cognac and other spirits he spent £1070. He gave "tips" amounting to £261. His bookkeeping stopped when he completed his 70th year.

Mr. Sala told an interviewer how he lunched on one occasion with the King of Spain under most distressing circumstances. Gallenga was with him, and they were suddenly ordered to join the Royal party. They had travelled all night, their faces were as black as sweeps, and being wintry weather all the water was frozen. What was to be done? Gallenga came to the rescue:—"Ever try candles?" he asked. "The dry wash process. See," and he took down some of the wax candles with which the carriage was lighted, and commenced rubbing his face with one of them. With infinite trust in Gallenga's wisdom I did likewise; and really, after some ten minutes' persistent rubbing, our faces certainly looked more respectable, though somewhat waxy and ghastly. The aide-de-camp entered, and we went forth to eat with the King. Now the King's saloon was uncomfortably warm—very uncomfortably warm—and as the lunch proceeded it became inconveniently hot. When the coffee and cigarette stage arrived our faces were converted into a series of small streams—tears, sir, tears, such as tender fathers shed! In vain I tried to hide them, my pocket-handkerchief was useless, and I left the Royal presence with a countenance like—but we will draw a veil over my features!

The wardrobe of no modern sovereign has attracted more attention than that of the German Emperor (a society gossip remarks.) He has oftener the occasion to change his costume than an ordinary mortal. He might arrive, for instance, in Kiel, the chief German port of war, in travelling costume, review the marine in the uniform of a German admiral, then visit the various schools in civilian dress, dine on a foreign man-of-war in the uniform of an admiral of its nationality, and in the evening give a reception in some gala dress. For each of these occasions a different dress is absolutely necessary according to etiquette. He has made as many as ten or twelve changes in eighteen hours. His wardrobe has reached gigantic dimensions. It contains at present more than one thousand costumes, divided into six classes. The military costumes include all the different uniforms of the highest ranks of the German army, with a collection of modern swords which has hardly its equal in Germany. The civilian garments, among which the dress suits and walking costumes of English cut play a leading part, contain every piece of dress that is worn by fashionable men at present, with the exception of a dressing-gown, which the Emperor never wears. Fine smoking jackets are seldom used. To that category belong, also, the incognito dresses and the Freemasons' costume. He has, besides, bathing, riding, driving, sleighing, and skating costumes, and a large number of hunting costumes, from the Tyrolese to the Russian fur-gear for bear-hunting. Even Chinese and Japanese court-dresses are not forgotten, and there is a display of Persian garbs, which the Emperor wore during a visit of the Shah.

Mr. Lawson of Brayton, eldest son of Sir Wilfrid Lawson, thus began a speech addressed to a Gladstonian gathering of 3,000 persons at Maryport:—"Traitors, humbugs, hypocrites, and blackguards—beg pardon, he meant ladies and gentlemen." Naturally the meeting was rather astonished.

Colonel Malcolm, who has been defeated in Argyllshire, was the biggest man of the last Parliament, where big men were more numerous than in an average assembly of 670. Six feet was an average height, and there were half a dozen who towered up to 6 feet 4 inches, but Colonel Malcolm was the biggest Trojan of them all.

Mr. Gainsford Bruce, Q.C., M.P., has been selected to fill the vacancy in the Queen's Bench Division caused by the elevation of Lord Justice Smith to the Court of Appeal. The selection of Mr. Bruce cannot be said to be such a bad one as many people imagine, as the learned gentleman is well known as a sound and painstaking lawyer, and also as a thoroughly conscientious and upright man. He is generally credited with being rather slow, but he is decidedly sure, and his appointment will compare very favourably with some of the recent additions to the Bench. There is no doubt Mr. Bruce will make a very good judge. By the way, we understand he will adopt his distinctive Christian name and will be styled Mr. Justice "Gainsford" Bruce.

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« D'GAY, *Gazette des Hôpitaux*. »

From *The Lancet March*, 12th, 1887.

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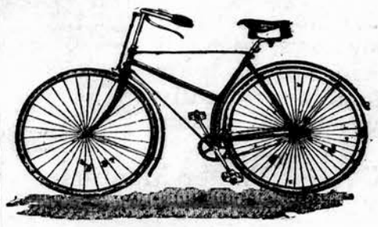

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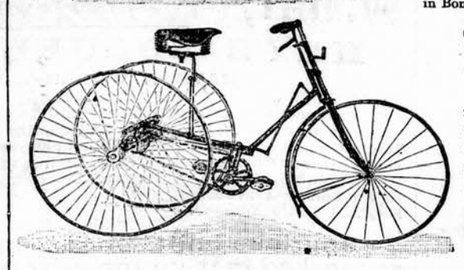

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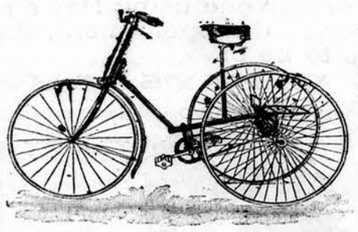

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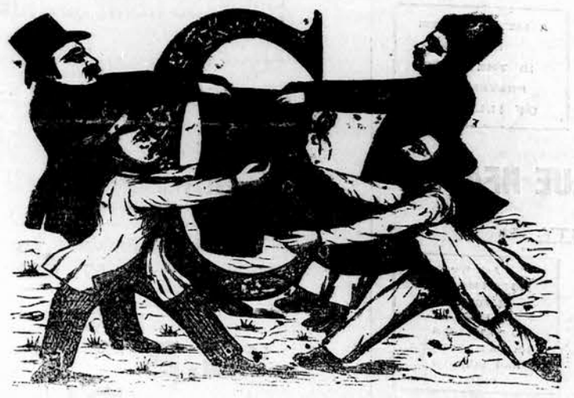

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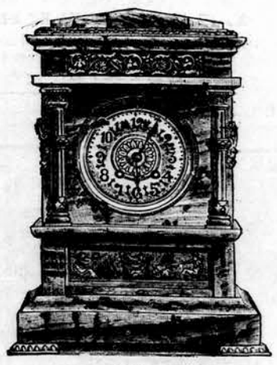

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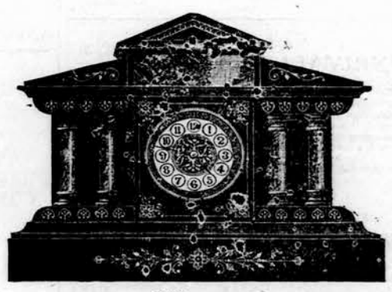

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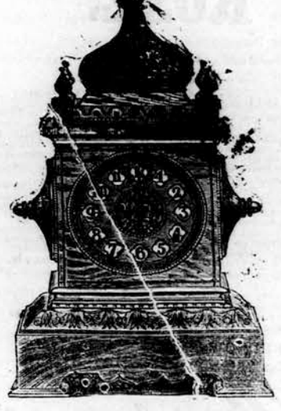

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